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BAUER DAMAGE CASE

Suit Against the Wabash for Five Thousand Dollars.

MANY WITNESSES ARE IN COURT

Bauer was Killed Near the St. Louis Bridge June 15, '96--The Thomason Damage Case to Go Before a Jury.

From the Daily of Tuesday.

The $5000 damage case of Mrs. Alice Bauer, administratrix of the estate of Charles F. Bauer vs the Wabash railroad company, was called up for trial in the circuit court this forenoon. The attorneys for the plaintiff are Sawyer & Ewing, with A. O. Webber also in the case. The Wabash is represented by Judge Burnett of St. Louis and Attorney Buckingham. It was on the afternoon of June 15, 1896, the day before the national Republican convention began at St. Louis, that Charles F. Bauer met his death on the crossing south of the railroad bridge beyond the Sangamon river. Bauer had been in Decatur on business and was in his farm wagon going to his home at Blue Mound when he was struck by the Wabash special train and killed. The special had on board the McKinley marching club of Chicago, whose members had made a parade in Decatur. Bauer was a well to do farmer and left a valuable estate. There are many witnesses in court all waiting to testify.

Will Go Before a Jury.

The whole time of Judge Vail was taken up yesterday in hearing oral testimony in the case of John K. Thomason against the Wabash railroad company. Thomason's wife was killed by a Wabash train at the Water street crossing of the road. Thomason was appointed administrator and suit was commenced to recover damages fixed at $5000. March 3 while it is alleged Thomason was drunk, he compromised the claim by accepting $500.

The hearing was on a stipulation of alleged facts as to Thomason's condition at the time he received the money. In the course of the hearing Thomason testified that he was drunk on March 3 and did not know anything about making the settlement.

Steve Tabor was one of the men who made affidavit that Thomason was drunk He testified that Thomason had been drunk for several days and was drunk that day He had been about the city with him that morning and seen him take several drinks One was at Charles Young's and one was at Robinson's on the way up to the depot He said after the settlement Thomason gave him a $20 bill and told him where his wife's ring, watch and chain had been put up and told him to go and get them.

Warren Peck, a bartender for Melhorn, testified that Thomason between 5 o'clock the morning of the settlement and about 7 had got four drinks of whiskey there, getting them on his wife's watch chain.

Mrs Daugherty, where Thomason roomed, said Thomason had been drunk two weeks before the settlement, was drunk the night before and that morning.

D N. Tabor testified that he saw Steve Tabor and Thomason about 10 o'clock that day and they were both drunk. Thomason gave D. N. Tabor $200 to keep for him and said he was going to California.

A B Barteau said he found Thomason about 1 in the afternoon of the day of the settlement and he was drunk then. Barteau had been looking for Thomason, having heard that he had got the $500 and Barteau wanted to get the money that Thomason owed him. Barteau had also given security for the funeral expenses. Thomason told him he had put $100 in Chris Robinson's hands and $200 in D. N. Tabor's hands. They went for the money and got it and Thomason paid Barteau and the funeral expenses. Barteau said every time he had seen Thomason for two weeks before that time Thomason had been drunk and unfit to transact business.

Robert Taggart was one of the witnesses of the settlement by Thomason. He testified that he didn't think Thomason was drunk at that time. He neither looked drunk nor walked unsteadily His face was more flushed that it was yesterday, however He heard Thomason talk and didn't remember anything that indicated that he was drunk.

M L Vaughn, a Wabash despatcher, testified that he saw Thomason that morning and did not think Thomason was drunk.

B. C. Applegate, who arranged the settlement, testified that Thomason looked and acted sober He said he looked for Thomason a day or two before he saw him and when he heard he was drunk he did not look farther. He talked with Thomson about $115 more than the $500 that Thomason had agreed to take that he wanted On the way to the depot they stopped at Robinson's saloon and Steve Tabor took a drink, while Thomason and Applegate took a cigar. At the last Thomason was holding out for the $115 additional, when Tabor called Applegate to one side and said he could get Thomason to settle if $10 were given him. Applegate told Tabor he could not get a cent. Thomason finally agreed to take the money, and then the money was counted out. Claim Agent O'Donald counted the money in piles of $100. He made a mistake in one pile, putting only four bills in it, and when he got through he had an extra $90 bill. Thomason said: "It belongs in that first pile." Applegate said. "That's right."

In the cross examination Mr Applegate testified to hearing before March 3 that Thomason was drunk but said he was not drunk that day.

The lawyers did not make any argument, except that Attorney Burnett, who with I. A. Buckingham, appeared for the Wabash, called attention to a decision showing that a man had to be so drunk that he did not know what he was doing.

This morning at the opening of court Judge Vail stated that he would not decide as to Thomason's condition at the time he made the settlement, but would refer the whole case to a jury. Therefore, as soon as possible, the case on the damage suit and the settlement will be submitted to a jury, and the finding of the jury will stand. This is practically what the plaintiff wanted. Attorney Leforgee represents Thomason and Judge Burnett of St. Louis and Attorney Buckingham the defendants.

Sales by the Master in Chancery.

Saturday afternoon J. J. Finn, master in chancery, had six sales at the court house as follows:

Savings Fund Building association vs Arthur Rathburn et al; foreclosure; lot 16, block 2, Durfee, Warren & Co's second addition, sold to complainant for $1494.21.

Same vs Julia Ann Conlon et al; foreclosure; lot 14, block 20, Carver's addition, sold to complainant for $1013.88.

Mattie E. Peacock vs Maryetta Sparks; part of lot 10, block 2, S. K. Thompson's second addition, sold to complainant for $1035.51.

Sarah Honson vs Frank Tinkler et al; foreclosure, lot 28, block 5, Enterprise addition, sold to complainant for $445.85.

P. S. Outten vs L B Casner et al: foreclosure; lot 31 and west half of lot 30, block 1, Durfee, Warren & Co's addition, sold to complainant for $2174.04.

Amanda Watson et al vs Rebecca B. Barnett et al, partition; lot 4, block 20, original town of Maroa, sold to James Liehtenberger for $120 50.

Attempted Suicide.

J. C. Kennedy a resident of Atwood, Platt county, endeavored to commit suicide at Stonington Sunday by jumping from a ladder while in an unsound condition of mind. He failed in his attempt and was taken to his home on Monday.

Supervisor McKinney of Christian county had a talk with Kennedy, who said that he spent Friday night on the bridge that crosses the Sangamon near Decatur, and that several times during the night he had decided to drown himself but was prevented from so doing by a fear of the punishment that would be meted out to him after death. He does not talk as incoherently as one would expect from an insane person, but the fiery gleam of his eyes betrays his violent condition of mind. He claims to have three children. He says his wife got a divorce from him about a year ago. From his actions it is presumed that this is the cause of his mental trouble. He gave his age as 35 years and his occupation, ditching

Last Will of the Late J. A. Lowrie.

Saturday last the will of the late James A Lowrie, who died Feb. 25, was filed for probate in the county court. The estate is valued at $12,000. The will leaves to the widow the residence on South Jackson street for life. All of the personal property is left to her. The rest of the property, 160 acres of land, is to be put in the hands of an executor in trust. He is to pay the widow the interest on $5000 a year for life. At her death all of the property is to be divided among the sons and daughters, Eliza A. McCorry, Dorothea Fenton, Matilda P. Logan, Ida B. Cloney, John A., Charles F. and George V. Lowrie. George V. Lowrie is the executor.

Laura F. Corloy petitioned in the probate court the appointment of herself as administratrix of the estate of Isabel Fulton. The estate is valued at $2000.

The Beet Sugar Interests.

The agricultural experiment station at the Illinois University has arranged with a large number of farmers in representative districts of the state to grow sugar beets for the purpose of ascertaining what sections of the state are best adapted to their culture. Realizing that there are many others in the state who are especially interested in the culture of the sugar beet the station will furnish, free of expense, to the first fifty who may request it a quantity of high grade seed. The only conditions are that the recipient be primarily interested in the sugar beet question and that he is willing to grow the beets according to directions, and at the close of the season to report upon cultivation and yield and to forward samples for analysis at the expense of the experiment station. Anyone interested in this communication will please address E. Davenport, Director, Urbana, Illinois.

Had a Part in the Mt. Pulaski Tragedy.

Rosa Hall, alias Bessie Lee, a young white woman, committed suicide at Danville Sunday by taking a dose of morphine. She came to Danville from Springfield a year ago. Her father was one of the men connected with the Mt Pulaski triple tragedy in 1882. She was living with a colored man and having a falling out with him took her life. After taking the morphine she declared she would be with Jackson and Walling within a day. A letter was found in her stocking bidding her colored lover goodby and wishing him much happiness

FUNERALS SUNDAY.

Remains of the Late Sam Ackerman Laid to Rest in Greenwood Cemetery —Other Burials.

The funeral of the late S. P. Ackerman was held Sunday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock from the residence, No. 1004 West Macon street. The services were conducted by Rev. W. C. Miller and Rev. George F. Hall. The members of Decatur Camp No. 144, and Easterly Camp, No. 1626, Modern Woodmen of America, and the Typographical Union attended the funeral in a body. Goodman's band escorted the remains to Greenwood cemetery where the burial took place. The active pall bearers were Messrs. Schlousser, Jerry Donahue, H. C. Schaub, George R Bacon, Charles Pennington and Isaac Lowry.

The funeral of Miss Luetta Lord was held Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the residence on Whitmer street. The services were conducted by Rev. D. F. Howe of the First Methodist church and the burial was at Greenwood cemetery.

At Rest.

The funeral of William Leo Ments, aged 8 months, son of Mr. and Mrs. William Ments, took place Sunday afternoon at 1 30 o'clock from the family home No. 1760 North Clinton street in the presence of a large number of neighbors and friends. The house was crowded. There were many floral tributes, one offering being a wreath from employes at the Republican office, fellow workmen of Mr. Ments. Dr. Penballegon of the First Presbyterian church conducted the services, delivering a sympathetic and consoling address. The music was by Frank Hodgins, Miss Maggie McMahon, Mrs. Clara Foster and Theo. Ruthrauff, with Mrs. Frank Hodgins as organist, the selections being "Abide With Me," "Jewels," and "Safe in the Arms of Jesus." The pall bearers were Edward Dillehunt, Daniel Jordan, Allen Newell and J F. Goodman. The interment was in Greenwood. After the service at the home a photograph of the infant as it lay in the casket was taken by Mr. Henderson.

CITY AND COUNTY POLITICS.

Changes in the Democratic Township Ticket—Out for Mayor.

The Democratic township central committee met Saturday and having been authority to do so made alterations in the ticket selected by the committee and ratified by the delegates. Dr J. N. Randall who had been nominated for supervisor refused to make the race and Charles J. Hartley, who was the chairman of the convention, was placed at the head of the ticket. Oliver T. White was put on the ticket for assistant supervisor in place of D. J. Cloyd, and W. W. Peddecord's name was substituted for that of W. E. R. Keil for justice of the peace.

The Republican primaries for the city election will be held on March 30, the convention on March 31. B. Z. Taylor and Charles S Hankins will be opposing candidates for mayor. William Dodson and Colonel Mathias have each been talked of for mayor, but they say they are out of the race. Candidates for city clerk, attorney and treasurer will be announced this week.

In Long Creek township the Democrats nominated John Hughes for justice, J. Wilson for constable, Bud Greenfield for commissioner, A. D. Smith for collector, C. B Lloyd for clerk

Whitmore Township Ticket.

Saturday these nominations for town officers were nominated at Oreana:

Republican—Clerk, Thomas Pensinger, assessor, John Moothart, collector, John Stillwagner, commissioner, George W. Betzer, constables, Ed Strope and William Hull; justice, Samuel Stuart and John Lee.

Democratic—Clerk, John Bradleston; assessor, M. C. Rambo; collector, William Bradleston, sr., commissioner, William Shafer; constables, Elmer Cooley and John Irvin; justices, T. J. Austin and W. R. Adams.

The Mt. Zion Ticket.

At the primaries at Mt. Zion Saturday the following tickets were named·

Republican—Supervisor—A. F. McDonald.

Town Clerk—U. G. Draper.

Assessor—T. F. Bilby.

Collector—A. Worsham.

Justices of Peace—D. F. Dickey and Walt Hodge

Commissioner of Highways—E. B. Scott.

Constables—Charles Cox and George Scott

Democratic—Supervisor—W. L. Riber.

Town Clerk—Wm. Greenfield.

Assessor—W. S. Whitehouse.

Collector—C. B. Britton.

Justices of Peace—Wm. Smith and Geo Davidson.

Commissioner of Highways—J. F. Roberts.

Constables—Chas. Pettyjohn and Eli Tohill.

The Friends Creek Tickets.

The opposing parties in Friends Creek township have put up candidates as follows:

Republican Ticket: Town Clerk—F. Benton.

Assessor—H. M. Strever.

Collector—John McFarlane.

Highway Commissioner—Samuel Gerber

Justices of Peace—W. H Hartman and J. W. Six.

Constables—B. Parr and John Shannon.

Cemetery Trustee—Benjamin Goken.

Democratic Ticket: Clerk—Rufus Clifton.

Assessor—James Pulliam.

Collector—Adam Bowerscock.

Commissioner—Thomas Massey.

Justices—I. D. Kile and C. Majors.

Constables—John Hay and James Brennan.

Cemetery Trustee—John Parr.

Pleasant View Township.

Republican: Town Clerk—E. H. Baugh.

Commissioner—Charles H. Mocmey

Assessor—N. K. Hedrick.

Collector—Dan Heidlebaugh.

Justices of the Peace—W. W. Tidd and B. F. Wetzel.

Constables—Ora Hughes and Jay Kirk.

Democratic: Town Clerk—George Nicholls.

Commissioner—O. T. Crow.

Assessor—C. H. Bean.

Collector—J. R. Morgenstein.

Justices of the Peace—Allen Armstrong and Samuel Betz.

Constables—R. M Sills and Herb Ryston

Illini Township.

Democratic: Supervisor—C. J. Tucker.

Clerk—C. E. Ritchie.

Assessor—J. J. Hinkley.

Collector—George Morrison.

School Trustee—William Ritchie.

Justices of the Peace—James McWilliams and Martin Albert.

Constables—W. B. Neiman and W. W. Albert

Republican: Supervisor—C. W. French.

Clerk—R. R. Ballenger.

Assessor—W. E. Major.

Collector—A. Witt.

School Trustee—John Willard.

Justices of the Peace—C. C. H. Cowen and W. W. Williams.

Constables—George Williams and W. L. Piper.

Wheatland Township.

Republican: Supervisor—N. E. Sitokel.

Clerk—O. D. Hopkins.

Assessor—Wm. Kolp.

Collector—Charles Elder.

Commissioner—George Shively.

Constables—John Rubicon and Henry Hill.

No one was selected to make the race for the office of justice of the peace.

Hickory Point Democrats.

At the convention of Democrats of Hickory Point township Saturday the following ticket was named·

Supervisor—Hezikiah Hays.

Clerk—D M. Parkhurst.

Assessor—William Scorlst.

Collector—D. S Wrigel.

Commissioner of Highways—A. T. Mottlin.

Justices of the Peace—D A. Good and J. B. Parkhurst.

Constable—G A. Braden.

Cemetery Trustee—H. D Wrigel.

List of Patents.

Granted to Illinois inventors this week. Reported by C. A. Snow & Co., solicitors of American and foreign patents, opposite U. S Patent Office, Washington, D C.

A. H. Arp, Moline, check rein hook, F. E. Bossong, Watseka, telephone switchboard plug; M E Brown, Newman, baling press, W. T. Brunnemer, Kankakee, corn planter, C. M Crock, Elgin, electric clock setting mechanism, J. W. Gibbons, Jacksonville, reel for fence wire, A T. Irion, Morrisonville, whip socket, E. D Kimbrak, Evanston, wrapper, C. W. Leiser, Carlinville, repeater, S W. Myers, Sugar Grove, planter attachment, W. F Olin, East Alton, can stopper; J. W. Parker, West Pullman, check-row chain or wire; W. E. Phelps, Elmwood, substructure for bridges; H. Ringness, Peoria, meter seal, T. Sawyer, Towanda, gate; G. A. Scheeffer, Peoria, dynamo electric machine; W. D. Smith, Prophetstown, sample holder; G. W. Weiss, Springfield, band cutter and feeder for threshing machines; T. S. Wheelwright, Highland Park, seal lock.

Sales of Real Estate.

Martha J Whitsett to Hattie A. Mitchell, lot 15 in block 1 of Renshaw's addition, $1000.

Anna Hamsher to Lucile Maxwell, lot 13 in block 13 of H. Wood's subdivision, $2000.

P. P. Laughlin to A. B. Cretors, lot 7 of P. P. Laughlin's addition, $900.

Benjamin D. Harkrader to John Fouts, lot 8 in block 15 in Railroad addition to Macon, $5.

Emma Day to Thomas A. Ayers, lots 2 and 3, block 7, Argenta, $500.

Sarah A. Ewing to board of directors, school district 5, 16, 2 east, tract in 7, 15, 2 east, $50.

Anosina A. Bills to John Fouts, lot 1, block 15, R. R. addition to Macon, $10

William R. Adams to John M. Miller, lots 10 and 11 in D. L. Shellabarger's addition to Decatur, $830.

Walter Hutchin to Clement C Walters, lot 13 in block 2 of George F. Wisel's addition to Decatur, $2000.

Otis Woolington Brought to Decatur.

From the Daily of Monday.

Otis Woolington is again in the Decatur jail He was brought over today from Monticello where he stands indicted for participation in the murder of a young man. There are two other parties implicated in the murder, one of whom is a convict at the Chester penitentiary. Woolington wanted to come to Decatur because the jail accommodations here are better than those at Monticello, and besides the officers want to keep the prisoners separated. The trial of the accused will be had at the next term of the Piatt county circuit court.

Death of Charles Butzer.

Charles Butzer, aged 50 years, died at St. Mary's hospital at 1:30 o'clock a. m. Monday, March 21. He leaves a wife at Mt. Pulaski and a sister and brother at Carlyle, Ills.

The body was taken to Perl's undertaking establishment and prepared for burial

AFFAIRS IN THE COUNTY COURT.

Notes in the Casner Estate Extended—Report by J. W. Race.

From the Daily of Wednesday.

In the county court yesterday on petition of John A. Dawson, assignee for L. B. Casner, asked that he be allowed to extend notes that are held by the Farmers' bank It was represented that on two occasions the bank had borrowed $5000 from the American Trust and Savings bank of Chicago. One of these notes was payable on demand and the other sixty days after date. The first was given in June, 1895, and the second in March, 1896 On the first had been paid the sum of $3000 and on the second $1250, leaving a balance of $5750 on the two notes. As collateral security the bank had given three notes, One of the notes of J G. Shea for $1500 made Nov. 27, 1895, and due a year after date; another given by the Danville Brick and Tile company and due one year after the same date for $4000, and still another given by the Decatur Brick and Tile company for $2456, and due sixty days after March 1, 1896. He said that the Danville Brick and Tile company as further security would give the American Trust and Savings bank first mortgage bonds which the company would issue and asked permission to extend the time of the notes protected by the bonds so they would be due on the same dates that the mortgage bonds would become due. The court entered an order that the extension should be made.

J. W. Race filed with Judge Hammer a report of his acts as conservator of the estate of Michael Eichinger. The court did not make any order on the report. The report showed that the conservator had received a total of $645.64 and of that sum he had at different times paid to Mr. Eichinger or his wife sums agregating $85 To S S. Jack he had assigned notes of a face value of $133 and had paid costs in the county court amounting to $35. He had allowed himself compensation of $100. He had a balance of $41.96 which he asked to be ordered to pay to S. S. Jack, the assignee of said estate. Judge Hammer will defer action until after the citation matter is disposed of in the circuit court.

In the estate of Henry Bauman deceased, Augusta Bauman presented a petition asking that she be appointed administratrix. The personal estate amounts to $100

THE VASAL CASE.

Inquest Held This Morning Over the Body of the Man Killed by the Wabash at Boody.

From the Daily of Monday.

At the Bullard undertaking establishment this morning Deputy Coroner Roy Bendure held an inquest over the body of Joseph Vasal, the man who was injured by the train at Boody and afterward died Freight Brakeman John Brunning of the Wabash, testified that the accident happened at Boody The conductor saw John Rozant on the train and ordered him off and later saw him standing near with Vasal. The head brakeman signaled that he would watch the men and the conductor went back to the caboose and did not see the men again until after the accident Brakeman E. D. Sullivan testified that he saw the two men on the train One was standing on the front of a coal car and the other was on the coal. He ordered them to get off and Vasal tried to get off the train with his back toward the engine Sullivan warned him that he would get hurt. Vasal was walking backward between two cars with one foot on each side of the rail when he lost his footing and went under the wheels. The train was stopped and the men taken back to Boody where he was put in charge of a physician. A sworn statement by John Rozant, the man who was traveling with Vasal, was presented as evidence. The statement tallied with the accounts by the railroad men and Rozant did not accuse the railroad as being responsible

The jury returned the following verdict "That Joseph Vasal came to his death by accident while getting off a freight train at Boody He was beating his way and the Wabash railroad company is in no way responsible for his death." The jury was composed of Dr. A. M Drew, Dr. Will Chenoweth, E. S. Baker, Isreal Florey, F. M. Shuk and Dr Charles M. Wood.

Vasal was badly mangled by the train and it was most remarkable that his death was not instant One of the physicians who attended him said that he never knew of a man to be so badly injured and yet live. The man's right arm and leg were broken and the skin was torn off so that a large part of the muscles of his leg and body were exposed.

Some of the French Catholics of the city interested themselves in the case and this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock a funeral was held at St. Patrick's church. Rev Father Brady officiated and the remains were buried at the Catholic cemetery where a lot was provided. Vasal was a cook by profession and had no relatives in this country. He had been in America about five years.

SUNDAY EVENING WEDDING.

Mr. Miller, of Maroa, and Miss Miller, of Decatur, United at the Alter.

There was a quiet but happy marriage Sunday evening, March 21, at 9:30 o'clock at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Harrison S. Baker on West Main street in the presence of only a few of the more intimate friends of the contracting couple. The groom was Mr. B. F Miller of Maroa, son of F W. Miller, a wealthy farmer, and Miss Minnie Miller of Decatur, recently the bookkeeper at the Fred Norman laundry, and formerly a teacher in the Macon county schools. She is a highly accomplished lady, possessing many amiable qualities. She was married in a handsome light green traveling suit and carried Marechal Neil and bride's roses. Rev. D. F. Howe, pastor of the First M. E. church, spoke the ceremony. Mr Miller is a salesman in the store of Sigler & Cooper at Maroa and is an energetic young business man.

Mr. Miller and his bride left last night at 10:50 o'clock for Lexington, Ky. They will arrive in Maroa within two weeks where they will make their home.

MISS SPRAGUE THE WINNER.

She Got More Votes Than All the Men for the Argenta Postoffice.

Until recently there has been considerable lively contention for the postoffice commission at Argenta. Now it is all over and the people are practically unanimous for the lady. Miss Nellie Sprague, daughter of the late Nat Sprague, who has three orphan brothers and sisters dependent upon her for support An election was held to decide who should have the office. Only Republican patrons of the office were allowed to vote The result was. Miss Sprague 91, D H Garver 17, W. H. Hartman 7, J. F Shuey 2, giving Miss Sprague 65 majority over all

Dr. E. H. Thomas of Argenta, was in the city today, and had in his possession all of the papers in the case. Besides the vote, Miss Sprague has a petition signed by 130 patrons of the office. Dr Thomas, as member of the Republican county central committee, will add his recommendaiton for the appointment of Miss Sprague, and Congressman Connelly will see that she gets the commission.

LEM WILEY'S GOOD FORTUNE.

Appointed Lieutenant of Police at the Capitol in Washington, D. C.

Lem H. Wiley of Peoria, the popular bugler who is well known in this city and who has been a candidate for the position of doorkeeper at the White House, has received word of his appointment as lieutenant of police at the national capital. He has been advised to come to Washington at once and will leave for that city on Thursday. During his residence in Washington he has secured a position to play the cornet in one of the leading churches. Mr. Wiley's friends in this city will be glad to learn of his appointment. He appeared here during the late campaign with Governor Tanner and made a decided hit

Engineer Frank Ward Afflicted.

In the county court Tuesday B F Ward, who for a long term of years has been the engineer at the Decatur furniture factory, was adjudged insane. He was examined as to his sanity at the request of his brother, J. J. Ward. Dr Cass Chenoweth was given as a witness and Drs. A. M. Drew and Will J Chenoweth were named as commissioners to examine Mr Ward. They reported that insanity was caused by an attack of apoplexy about September 1, 1896. He has since then been nervous but quiet and harmless The only delusion apparent in him has been a fear that he would not get well. There was no record of insanity in his family or of previous attacks. He is 62 years old The commissioners recommended that he be sent to an asylum and that was ordered done. E F. King is the conservator The estate is valued at between $1000 and $2000 Mr. Ward will not be a state charge. His expenses will be paid out of his own funds.

The Methodist Circuit.

Rev. A. M. Danely will preach next Sunday morning at 10 30 o'clock at the Methodist church at Elwin. In the evening the members of the foreign missionary society will give a social.

The pupils of the Sunday schools of the Methodist circuit are arranging for Easter services. Special exercises will be held Easter morning at each of the churches

The lecture which Rev. Danely was to have given last Sunday evening at the Long Creek church has been prepared.

The tributes of the Elwin church are making some improvements. New sidewalks have been built in the church yard and other improvements are being made in the church property.

County Teachers' Meeting.

The county teachers will meet next Saturday at the office of Superintendent J G. Kellar The following program has been arranged.

Song.

Algebra, April Work—W. W. Kyle.

Current Events for 1897—Joseph Flynn

General History for April—A. A. Jones.

Language, Fifth and Sixth Years—M. Mae Day.

Botany for April—Lida Smallwood.

April Geography—O. M. Evans.

Verdict for $3750.

In the circuit court at Clinton in the case of Nettie Birchnaugh, administratrix, vs Walter Evans et al, the jury brought in a verdict for $3750 for the plaintiff. The charge against Engineer Evans and Conductor Castles for criminal negligence, resulting in the death of Charles Birchnaugh in the Birkbeck wreck. Sam Welty and Colonel John Sterling and Judge G. K. Ingham appeared for the prosecution and Grout & Conkling and Moore, Warner & Lemon for the defendant.

Judicial Gossip

E. D Blinn of Lincoln is a candidate for circuit judge from Logan county in the new judicial district which will include Logan with McLean's district

The Tuscola Journal proposes Charles G. Eckhardt for circuit judge from Douglas county in case the new Sixth district is organized, cutting out Vermilion, Edgar, Coles and Clark counties and adding DeWitt.

CLAIRVOYANT CASE.

A Full House To-Day at Justice Hardy's Office.

THE NOTED BLACKMAILING AFFAIR.

J. C. Lynch Waives Examination, but Prof. Zanzic and Mrs. Emma Norman Ready for a Hearing.

From the Daily of Wednesday.

All of the parties in the recent blackmailing case were in Justice Hardy's court at 10 o'clock this forenoon, as were also the attorneys, officers and a large crowd of spectators, but it took a good while for the trial to get under way. It seemed for a time that all of the prisoners would waive examination but finally the lawyers got action on themselves and the ball opened

The prisoners present were Professor Leon Zanzic, the clairvoyant, J. C. Lynch and Mrs. Emma Norman, charged with working a blackmailing scheme on U. I. Pifer of Sullivan, a widower, with more money than sound judgment, who came over from Sullivan it is inferred, to have a time with Mrs. Norman. It will be recalled that the coming of Pifer to Decatur was a scheme fixed up by the defendants, in order to get him in a compromising position that they might bleed him for all the money he had in sight They got him in the "box," and relieved him of $20 in cash and a note for $800. Then Pifer made a roar and Mrs. Norman, on being arrested as one of the chief conspirators, made a complete confession.

In the court room at the side of her husband was seated Mrs. Zanzic, a handsome young woman who was closely veiled, but after a time she removed the veil. Mrs. Norman also wore a veil, but she too, removed the face screen. Mrs. Lynch sat at the side of her son. At intervals before the trial opened all the parties engaged in conversation. Mrs. Norman, although she had made a confession, seemed to be on good terms with the clairvoyant and his wife. Bachelor Pifer occupied a chair on the prosecution side of the room. No one seemed to be anxious to converse with him.

Finally Justice Hardy called up the case and A. H Mills, assistant states attorney, and Attorney Pedro of Sullivan, said they were ready to go to trial Attorney Leforgee said he represented Lynch, one of the defendants, and that he had been instructed to waive examination as to him. The bail was fixed at $250 for Lynch. Attorney Redman said he represented Prof. Zanzic and Mrs Norman, and that they were ready to go to trial. Thereupon all of the parties settled themselves for the investigation and the preliminary examination was soon under way.

Mr. Pifer was the first witness for the prosecution. He told the story of his connection with the affair. He had come over from Sullivan and met Mrs Norman at the Inman restaurant on South Main street. The following day they went to the Brunswick hotel. He was in a room with the woman when Zanzic and Lynch came in. They represented themselves as detectives and demanded hush money. They took his watch, but gave it back. Then Pifer gave the men $20 in money and a note for $800. Pifer said he had come over to see Mrs. Norman and make arrangements for sending her home to her father On the cross-examination Attorney Leforgee put Mr. Pifer in a state of screaming perspiration, driving home questions that worried the gentleman. He admitted that at the Inman place he had kissed and embraced her but that it was all done in a tender, fatherly way. He refused to answer some questions put to him He was evidently relieved to get off the stand

Marshal Mason was the next witness. He told about Mrs. Norman's confession to him and related what Zanzic had said, when he denied knowledge of swindling of Pifer He also told about the recovery of the $800 note, found hidden in Zanzic's room at the Revere house

Officer Imboden and Officer Williamson testified that they had arrested Zanzic and that he had secreted the note in his room, observed by Imboden, and that the note had been found. It was produced in court The prosecution rested

Attorneys Redman and Leforgee engaged in a consultation, and then addressed the court on a motion to dismiss the defendants on the ground that the evidence failed to support the charge as stated in the warrants.

It is probable that the court will overrule the motion, in which case the defense will introduce evidence in the hope of breaking down the testimony offered by the people

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THURSDAY, MARCH 25, 1897.

They fit and Fitz's glove fit Corbett.

What will Corbett do now, poor thing?

Perhaps Senator John J. Ingalls queered Corbett.

The country can now devote some time to the tariff and prosperity.

Corbett is sorry the fight came off and the state of Nevada will be in the same state of mind later on.

The wife Corbett discarded probably takes satisfaction in his defeat while the later wife may send in her regrets.

Until Corbett is fully repaired it cannot be determined whether he will be used for fertilizing purposes or will seek a dime museum.

How much some people court a tragedy is shown by the reports sent out first that Fitzsimmons had died and then that Corbett had died.

Little Greece has not, as yet, shown much disposition to go into proxysms over the threat of the powers to blockade the ports of entry.

Will not some kind soul stop long enough to remember that Wilson has criticised the Dingley tariff bill. He did it. Honest, he did it.

It is quite clear that the Republicans could speedily succeed in electing a United States senator in Kentucky if it were not for Bradley's interference.

Wind is said to be cheap but there was a time in the fight when Corbett would have given a thousand dollars for wind enough to last him 30 minutes. As the fellow said the price of cheap things "depends."

Difficulty has arisen in some states where the appointment of boards and commissioners must be composed of men of different parties as to whether the Populists and the Democrats are different parties or one party.

Japan has deliberately dropped the silver standard and gone to one which is substantial. Japan is developing industries and trying to do business and no country doing this can prosper under so poor a money standard as silver.

Two agents for Bryan's book have been arrested for passing counterfeit money. Before they are convicted they should be permitted to show if they can that they received the counterfeit in exchange for the book. If they succeed they should be released.

Fitzsimmons will use the pavilion that Corbett had arranged to use to give an exhibition after he had whipped Fitz. The community ought to insist that Corbett should have a complimentary ticket and should be guaranteed that Mrs Fitz will not preside at the door.

Pennsylvania is halting between two propositions namely, whether she will build a $900,000 or a $3,000,000 capitol. The state can cover both propositions by awarding a contract for a $900,000 building and take chances on the ultimate cost being $3,000,000.

Spain has evidently concluded that in case of trouble with the United States Moro Castle would not prove an adequate defense for Havana and is constructing other defenses about the city. In this she displays more wisdom than attempting to suppress the rebellion in Cuba by the use of a few newspaper lies.

If there were any considerable number of men after the three years experience with the Wilson bill who believed that Wilson knew anything about the tariff they must have changed their mind since that gentleman has passed criticism on the Dingley bill. He evidently knows as little about the operations of a tariff as Cleveland does and this is drawing it as fine and fairly as we can.

There has all along been a suspicion that there was a skeleton in the closet of the allied powers and that some of the powers were secretly working for Greece. It is now more than suspected that that power is Russia and that as soon as hostilities break out on the Thessaly frontier between the Turks and Greeks she will find an excuse for seizing Constantinople. Should these things occur there will be a general breaking up of the alliance of powers and the Turkish government may, in that event, soon prove a thing of the past.

The London Times states that Sherman has no well settled foreign policy. It forgets that there may be a difference between advertising an unsettled policy as a settled policy and having a settled policy without parading it upon shelves for the inspection of countries who do not want to buy. Whenever the emergency comes other nations will find that the foreign policy of this administration will be found to be fairly well settled as regards the rights of citizens of the United States and the government.

The crime of 1864 was a surplus in the treasury. The crime of 1888 and 1892 was the tariff. The crime of 1896 was the crime of 1873. The people were dragooned into a desire to correct the tariff and the surplus crimes in 1884 and 1892, and for those so-called crimes they received three long years of deficiencies, bond issues, idleness, depression, starvation and distress. Having had some experience with political mountebanks the people refused to be driven with unloaded muskets into a charge upon the "crime of 1873" with the chances of being cut to pieces, as the result of their own rashness. The result is that the refuge of lies has been swept away by the storm of experience and we have started back toward a surplus in the treasury and a protective tariff.

Blowitz on the Cretan Situation.

The Chicago Tribune: The Tribune printed Friday morning the first of its exclusive special cable dispatches from M. de Blowitz, the most acute, best trained and longest experienced journalistic observer in Europe. The best evidence of his accuracy and reliability is to be found in the fact that the London Times depends upon him for its continental news and makes it the basis of its editorial comments upon the general European political situation.

M de Blowitz in his interesting dispatch devotes himself to the Cretan conditions, and, as will have been observed, takes the opposite view from other correspondents and makes it clear that Russia is not back of Greece, but in reality is back of Turkey, by virtue of treaty stipulations. The dowager empress, sister of the King of Greece is naturally on the side of the latter, but she is powerless as against the real governing powers of Russia, even though the czar and the crown prince of Greece are warm personal friends. M. de Blowitz explains the attitude of the czar very clearly and consistently. He is under engagement to guarantee the integrity of the Ottoman Empire. His obligations compel him to defend that integrity by every means in his power, and his rights under the treaty not only are to take and occupy strategic positions and due preventive measures, but also to demand compensations.

If such a treaty as this were to be put into actual operation it would be an imminent danger to the peace of Europe and one which all the powers would dread. "Turkey at present," says M. de Blowitz, "dreads its relination, judging it for the moment imprudent, having agreed upon it, moreover, some five years ago in circumstances differing from those which now exist, and it sees that its treaty, if carried out, would menace its ruin in Europe." So imminent is this danger that the powers do not want Russia's engagements to be carried out or that Turkey should be obliged to have recourse to these engagements. The only power that has sought to get the benefit of them is Greece, hence it has done and is still doing all it can to bring about a war. Hence, also, it is that the powers have notified Greece that they intend to maintain the integrity of the Ottoman empire.

This is M. de Blowitz's explanation of the situation. As for the conclusion he is of the opinion that Greece will finally yield, though it may prolong the danger, and by prolonging it continue to disturb the peace of Europe. All the same, however, says M. de Blowitz, "Europe, I am convinced, will finally triumph owing to the danger it runs, a danger that causes of which I have explained." M. de Blowitz's diagnosis of the situation is undoubtedly not only closely accurate, but it is consistent with the environments. His further letters will be awaited with interest, as next to official statements themselves they are the most reliable utterances that are obtainable.

The Primaries.

The Republican primaries for township nominees will be held from 4 o'clock until 7 30 o'clock p m. today. The candidate who receives the most votes in any given district will, under the order of the committee, receive the votes of the delegates from that district in the convention. A dozen votes or a single vote in the primaries may make a difference in a part or the entire ticket named at the convention. This was true in a number of districts at the pirmaries preceding the last county convention to nominate county officers. It will be true at today's primaries. This is mentioned to impress those who have a right to vote at the primaries who are not impressed with the importance of their vote and are not concerned as to the primaries but who stand ready to kick in case the ticket does not come up to their expectation.

If you want a good ticket you cannot escape the responsibility of attending the primary. The polls are open three hours and a half and the complexion of the ticket will be determined at these open ballot boxes and you have a fair opportunity to vote for your choice. Nothing could be more fair unless you want some other Republican who is no more interested in the success of the party to drag you to the polls or have you there to perform a duty you owe the community as a citizen The man who fails to vote is not a good citizen no matter what his reputation for morality may be, or how highly he may consider himself in the line of good citizenship To make good tickets or to get a correct expression is for every Republican to atend the primary election as faithfully as he goes to the general election and unless he does so he has no right to complain if the results are not to his liking His responsibilities are no less than those of any other voter.

Secretary Wilson's Seed Policy.

The Chicago Times-Herald: The policy outlined by Secretary Wilson of the department of agriculture gives assurance that the interests of husbandry are to be intelligently and aggressively promoted by the federal government for the next four years. Although a scientific and scholarly agriculturist, Mr. Wilson's predecessor was unfortunately handicapped by a continuous disagreement with congress over the seed question, and hence he failed to secure the hearty co-operation of the representatives in carrying out the measures which he advocated from time to time, nearly all of which were eminently sensible and commendable.

Instead of making a direct issue with the congressmen on the seed question Secretary Wilson will devise a different system for the distribution of this indefensible gratuity, which it is believed will develope new resources and a greater diversification of agricultural industries and agricultural products. The free distribution of seeds by the government is a form of paternalism that has no defense, but so long as the representatives refuse to abandon this inexpensive method of cultivating their rural constituencies the secretary adopts the very sensible plan of making the gratuity as valuable as possible in diversifying the products of agriculture.

In the distribution of seeds the secretary is preparing to supply to the farmers of the country the class of plants which have proved especially valuable in other parts of the world and in experiments which have been conducted in a few of the states of this country. Mr. Wilson finds that the people of the world are now demanding nitrogenous food and are not requiring such quantities of the class of food obtained from the fat-producing grains which have filled European markets with American lard. In supplying this demand for nitrogen-producing plants with which to comply with the new order of things in the consumption of animal food the secretary will utilize the valuable information obtained from the extensive experiments conducted under his direction at the agricultural stations in Iowa. The impetus which the new tariff law will give the beet sugar industry in this country will also afford the secretary a great opportunity to make his department valuable to farmers who want to experiment in the culture of sugar beets.

If the government is going to continue the annual donation of seeds the seeds should be used to diversify the products of husbandry, instead of being diverted to electioneering purposes by congressmen who represent rural constituencies.

The Convention.

From the Daily of Saturday.

Last night the delegates selected by the precincts in Decatur township assembled, organized the convention and nominated their candidates who, under the call received, a majority or plurality of the votes in the precincts. The convention was important owing to the fact that there were no ties and every successful candidate had a clear majority of the delegates in the convention, and was of course declared the nominee of the convention. This made everything harmonious and left no sores to heal. Under such conditions the party should go into the campaign in first class order and win out on the ticket. The ticket in many respects is a strong one and it has been demonstrated at the primaries where over 2000 votes were cast that it is the choice of a majority of the Republicans. Every candidate and every voter had the same opportunities. All who desired to vote did so without hindrance or coercion and there is no room for anything but satisfaction. It now becomes the duty of Republicans to see that their own work is ratified at the polls. This can only be done by constant and effective work in getting out the strength of the party at the polls. In the late election the Republicans had a majority of over a thousand in this township, but it must be remembered that this is an abnormal majority due to the peculiar conditions resulting from the issues in the federal election We mention this by way of admonition to Republicans that they cannot afford to depend upon that majority to the extent of permitting the campaign to go by default, nor can they allow unconcern to take the place of proper diligence by remaining away from the polls. It should be borne in mind always that the most subtle and dangerous things in politics are large majorities which tend to make men careless and negligent.

A large per cent of the candidates on the ticket are active workers and will do all they can for the ticket but they cannot do it all. Much remains with us who are of the rank and file to do and diligence should be the watchword all along the line.

The Confession.

It is hard to comprehend how men condemned to death can wilfully misrepresent facts in the shadow of the gallows. That this is done as frequently as the truth is told, there can be little doubt. Every year develops hundreds of cases where men standing upon the trap, which alone for the moment intervened between them and death protested their innocence of the crime for which they were condemned in cases where there could be no doubt of their guilt. Others, again, at the last moment seem to be controlled by a desire to implicate innocent persons in the crime for which they are to be executed which is even worse than a declaration of innocence where they know their guilt.

Jackson and Walling, who were hanged for the murder of Pearl Bryan have not only attempted to show themselves innocent, at least of actually taking the life of the girl, but have clearly and deliberately lied as to the connection of Dr. Wagner with the case who they claim actually did the killing.

The confessions of these men are to the effect that one Will Wood was responsible for the condition which led to the killing of the girl and that their connection with the case was simply to accommodate Wood and his victim. It is asking a good deal of the commonwealth to believe that two young men intelligent enough to be engaged in a profession would consent to commit a crime which involved death solely as an accommodation to another person, so this part of their confession is a lie on its face While this part of the confession was intended to throw the entire blame for the primary cause upon Wood they both proceed to declare that one Dr. Wagner killed the girl and afterward cut off the girl's head at a lonely place to which Dr. Wagner took them and that all they did was that one of them held the victim's head while the doctor cut it off and the other one carried it away. The logic of the confessions is that they were the innocent victims of circumstances who filled the gap between the primary criminal and the capital criminal. They lied as to Wagner, as it is shown beyond the possibility of a doubt that Wagner was in an insane asylum at the time the crime was committed.

Here, then, we have another clear case of an attempt of men sentenced to be hung for murder, in the shadow of the gallows, lying to establish a sort of innocence. We repeat that it is strange that condemned men will do these things, but they have done it in the past and will no doubt continue to do so in the future.

A Billion Dollar Country.

From the Boston Advertiser. It is not likely that within the near future the expenses of the country during any two successive years will fall below $1,000,000,000. Those who are in charge of the new tariff must assess duties and taxes with an understanding of the outlook before them. It is true that pension payments will decrease as time goes on, but the country is growing rapidly all the time and public expenditure will also increase, so that by the time the pension payments have decreased other sources of expenditure may make up the difference. In any event, therefore, it is not wise to calculate on a public expenditure of less than $500,000,000 annually.

SAFE BLOWN OPEN.

The Postoffice at Guthrie Robbed Yesterday Morning and a Good Haul Made.

HOUND WAS PUT ON THE TRAIL

The Decatur Dog, Rattler, Traced the Robbers About Five Miles to Point where They Boarded a Train—Animal Did Fine Work.

From the Daily of Saturday.

The Decatur blood hound, Rattler, did another good piece of work yesterday. About 1 o'clock Friday morning the postoffice at Guthrie, Ill., a little town of eighty inhabitants, near Gibson, was robbed. The postoffice is kept in a general store conducted by D. A. Cooper. The work was evidently done by professional safe blowers. The robbers had first broken into the car house at the depot and taken a number of tools among which was a large brace. They had then gone to the back of the store and entered through a window. In the back of the store a large safe which was used as a depository by the business men of the city. The robbers had broken off the combination of the safe and then bored a hole near the lock and blown off the door They probably used nitro-glycerine, as an empty bottle which had contained that fluid was found on the floor. The brace which had been stolen from the depot was also found and it is supposed that it was used in boring through the safe. Deeds, life insurance policies, notes and other valuable papers valued at about $1200 were stolen besides $19 in money and $25 worth of postage stamps.

Yesterday a telegram was sent to Decatur for the blood hound and the owners, Roy Bendure and Israel Florey, left at 6 o'clock last night. They arrived at Guthrie shortly before 9 o'clock and at once began work with the dog. Rattler was given a scent at the store and made for the depot where the first robbery had occurred. He then went back to the store and trailed down the road about a mile and a half The dog then went under a barbed wire fence, across a muddy corn field and about a mile further on till he stopped at an old house which was used by a farmer to store machinery.

Deputy C C. Honkshell, who went with the owners of the dog, broke down the door but found nothing inside. A more thorough examination will be made of the place, as it is thought some of the stolen property is hidden in the building. After leaving the house the dog went to the railroad track and on through Gibson to a point where three railroads cross. Here he was unable to follow the scent and it is supposed that the robbers boarded a train as it passed slowly through the city. The flagman said that he had noticed men there but had thought nothing of it as tramps often loafed around the railroad. For several days past a stranger has been at Guthrie making inquiries about the place, and it is most likely that he was in league with the robbers.

The run made by the dog was one of about five miles, but he followed the trail without any trouble and the citizens of the place were greatly pleased. Bendure and Florey, the owners of the dog, feel certain that he can take up any trail if he has a fair start. The robbery at Guthrie made a great deal of commotion. The officials feel certain that the work was done by professional safe blowers and are of the opinion that the men left for Chicago. The police at Chicago have been notified in the hope that the men may be caught.

Disraeli's Deference.

In a recent published book Reginald Brett, of England, says that Queen Victoria once impatiently remarked: "I am no longer queen. Mr. Gladstone is king." The grand old man always had an air of aloofness about him, even when he was in the presence of royalty. Beaconsfield, on the other hand, was always welcome at Windsor. The queen didn't like him at first, it is true, but he gradually won her over. How? Mr. Brett puts it pithily and wittily: "In trifles Disraeli never forgot the sex of the sovereign. In great affairs he never appeared to remember it."—Iowa State Register.

A Comic Affair.

"Did you get a valentine this year, Miss Elderly?"

"Yes, I did!" she snapped, "and now I'm just lying low to see if I can't find out who sent it." Then she gave her hair an extra twist that brought one ear nearly to the crown of her head.—Detroit Free Press.

—When a woman finally becomes a good cook, it does her husband no good; she goes off on a cooking lecturing tour—Atchison Globe.

DOMESTIC MARTYRS.

Lots of women suffer constantly, and seldom utter complaint.

Good men rarely know the pain endured by the women of their own household, or the efforts they make to appear cheerful and happy when they ought to be in bed, their suffering is really so great.

Our habits of life and dress tell sadly upon women's delicate organizations.

They ought to be told just where the danger lies, for their whole future may depend upon that knowledge, and how to overcome it.

There is no need of our describing the experiences of such women here, they are too well known by those who have suffered, but we will impress upon every one that these are the never-failing symptoms of serious womb trouble, and unless relieved at once, a life will be forfeited.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound never fails to relieve the distressing troubles above referred to; it has held the faith of the women of America for twenty years.

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Winter Tourist Rates are now on to points south and southeast.

Settlers' Half Fare rates to points south every 1st and 3d Tuesday of each month.

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City Ticket Office removed from 110 Library Block to 121 East William street, directly across the street. Telephone, New No. 38, Old No 430. Union Depot Telephone No. 47, New.

P., D. & E. EXCURSIONS.

Sunday excursion rates to all points on the P., D & E. One fare round trip. Tickets good returning on day of sale.

Winter tourist rates now on to points south, southwest and southeast.

One way settler rates to points south every first and third Tuesday of each month. Very low.

Good connections at Peoria for Iowa, Nebraska and Colorado points; at Mattoon with Big Four for Cincinnati, Cleveland, Columbus and eastern points, at Evansville for all Southern and Florida points

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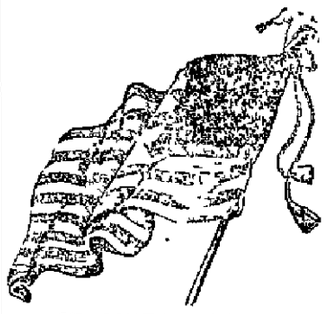

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HURLED INTO ETERNITY

The Murderers of Pearl Bryan Meet Death on the Gallows.

OFFICERS IN A STEW BEFORE EXECUTION.

Caused by the Admission of Jackson and Walling that They Had Lied in the Published Confession---Gov. Bradley Recalls a Respite Ordered for Walling---A Time of Uncertainty.

Newport, Ky., March 20.—The day fixed for the execution of Scott Jackson and Alonzo Walling for the murder of Pearl Bryan opened with pleasant weather and the people are pouring into the city. The condemned men spent a restless night, but rose early and ate a hearty breakfast. They seemed unmoved and indifferent. Both told friends that there was no truth in their confessions to the governor. That they played as a last resort. The scaffold is erected in the jail yard, which was soon crowded with people while great throngs outside were unable to get in. Shortly before the hour fixed for the march to the gallows a letter to Walling from his sweetheart, Miss Roberts, was delivered. It sent love and told him to die game. Shortly after 9 o'clock it was announced that Jackson had made a complete confession. This upset the program and the execution was delayed while Governor Bradley could be communicated with. Jackson, in a confession, has said that Walling is not guilty. Walling's attorneys and Sheriff Plummer wired the governor what Jackson said. The crowd outside was kept posted as to developments. They became impatient, believing it was another ruse to gain time.

At 10:30 the sheriff received a message from the governor in answer to the one sent, saying:

"Proceed with the execution. If Jackson makes a statement on the gallows to that effect you may suspend Walling's execution until further directions from me."

Plummer then ordered the men to prepare for the scaffold.

Early this morning the governor had changed his mind and issued an order respiting Walling for four days and notified Sheriff Plummer of the fact, but when he was wired that both men had admitted they had lied in the confessions they had sent to the governor and that Jackson had made another confession exhonorating Walling he withdrew his respite, giving the sheriff orders in case Jackon reiterated the statement on the gallows exhonorating Walling to postpone the execution of Walling until further orders, otherwise to go on with the execution of both. The last action of the governor was due to the fact that both had lied to him in their confessions and neither could be believed unless, perhaps, at the very last moment when death seemed unavoidable.

Pending the preparation for the gallows Judge Helm held a consultation with the prisoners. He told Jackson he must hang and if he allowed Walling to hang with him, if Walling was innocent, he would have to answer to his Maker for a double crime. He gave Jackson five minutes to make up his mind what to do. At the expiration of the time Jackson said he couldn't say Walling was innocent.

This settled the fate of both prisoners. Just before leaving the cell Walling said: "I'll tell you now at the last moment of my life, I was not there. I am innocent of the whole crime. Jackson has said as much, but it seems it will not save me."

The prisoners retained their composure during the march to the scaffold and in fact to the end. The death warrant was read at 11:33. At its close both men declared their innocence. Both prisoners stood with bowed heads, repeated a prayer after the clergyman, then both bade farewell to those around them, and Walling whispered to the sheriff, "Go, Go, Go," evidently wanting the agony over.

The trap was sprung at 11:41 and the men dropped together. Both were strangled, the necks not being broken. The bodies exhibited greater muscular contortions than usual. Jackson was pronounced dead in six minutes, Walling having died first.

Alibi for Wagner.

Nicholasville, Ky., March 20.—A clear alibi has been established here for Dr. Wagner, who was accused by Jackson and Walling in their newspaper confession. Wagner is a son-in-law of William Hendren, a wealthy farmer of this county. About the middle of January, 1896, Mrs. Wagner wrote to her brother, Walter Hendren, that her husband was losing his mind, and asked him to go to Bellevue. Hendren went and on January 28 brought Dr. Wagner to Nicholasville and thence to William Hendren's home, about two miles from here, where he remained until February 3. Thus it was impossible for Wagner to have been connected with the crime. There is undisputed evidence of this statement in the form of postal cards and telegrams concerning Dr. Wagner's removal from Bellevue to Nicholasville. Dr. G. M. Hendren today sent the following telegram to Governor Bradley:

"As a brother-in law of Dr. Wagner and a member of his family, will say we court a full investigation of Jackson's and Walling's confession, as it is utterly false, and if you desire to respite them to investigate we are ready to show its falsity. G. M. Hendren."

GOV. BRADLEY'S REASONS.

Full Text of His Refusal to Grant Respites to the Men.

Frankfort, Ky., March 20.—The following is the full text of Governor Bradley's refusal to respite Jackson and Walling:

The common law concerning the crime admitted in the confessions to have been committeed, is in force in this state. The confession shows that Pearl Bryan was killed by drugs administered to produce an abortion. If this be true, she being quick with child, as shown by the evidence, the child was killed also. Her death was caused by drugs deliberately administered, the effect of which clearly manifests an utter disregard for human life. The agency employed was not only one from which death or great injury would probably result, but from which, considering its rapid operation, death would necessarily result. Either the physician who administered the drug knew, or had every reason to suppose, it would cause death or should have known it. Under either state of the case, he was guilty of murder and Jackson and Walling were and are equally guilty under the statute of Kentucky. All this must be conceded if the confessions are true.

The confessions, however, are inconsistent and contradictory, utterly at war with every statement that each of the defendants made on the witness stand. It is urged that this should be overlooked, because they were then swearing for their lives. Conceding that their false statements were made to escape danger then pending, it may well be asked how much greater is the danger that now confronts them when they stand in the shadow of the gallows.

If they were excusable for false swearing then, how much more are they excusable and how much more likely is it that they would speak falsely now? One of them says that the body was taken away in a cab; the other that it was taken in a wagon.

This conflict would be quite immaterial, but for the fact that Jackson says they got inside the cab while Dr. Wagner drove. The contradiction, therefore, becomes material.

Walling says that Wagner and Jackson removed the head, while Jackson says that Wagner did it. The removal of the corsets might have taken place to distribute the blood more generally through the system or they may have been loosened when the injection was administered and fallen when the girl was being conveyed to the place where she was found. The whole confession bears a striking similarity to the testimony of George Jackson, for it is now admitted that the body was removed by both Jackson and Walling, and both were present when the girl was decapitated, thus destroying the defensive theory on the trial that the tracks were made by others than Jackson and Walling. The note or letter said by Walling to have been received from Dr. Wagner asking that the clothing of Pearl Bryan be sent to him, and stating that she was under his care, is not produced nor its absence in any way accounted for.

Not only is the confession a contradiction of the evidence of both defendants, but a flat contradiction of the letter Walling sent me only a few days since and claimed to have been written by him under a sense of rapidly approaching and impending death.

These men have not only trifled with human life, but have trifled with the courts, trifled with the executive and set at defiance the laws of God and man. If it be established that one criminal, after such conduct as this, can, by a mere pretended confession, obtain a respite then every other is entitled to like treatment, and this would result in frustrating justice and bringing the execution of the law into contempt. The wounded hand of Pearl Bryan solemnly and surely points to the fact that she was not dead when beheaded.

The wound could have been inflicted when, during the terrible agony of her decapitation, she raised it in order to ward off the cruel knife.

Dr. Wagner is in the asylum and is the man of all others by reason of his condition at whose door the defendants would most naturally lay this terrible crime.

To grant a respite in order that the defendants might be used as witnesses to procure his conviction would result in a delay of at least a year, as experience in the trial of the defendants has demonstrated. In view of the various conflicts in defendants' statements, no jury would, or could believe any statement that either of them might make and consequently Wagner would not be convicted.

Such delay could result in no good and would only add fuel to the flames and furnish a further incentive to mob violence in this state.

The claim that Walling was under the influence of Jackson, and therefore, deserves clemency, cannot be considered. He shows himself the willing and ready assistant. Each of them have clearly exhibited a reckless disregard for human life. Their confessions, taken in connection with the facts and circumstances proven in the case, show that they committed an atrocious crime. Life is precious to them, but no more so than it was to their victim.

Their poor mothers are entitled to sympathy, but no more than the mother of Pearl Bryan. The law has been set at defiance, and the fair name of Kentucky stained with another bloody murder. Twelve men have passed upon the guilt of each. The circuit judge and appellate judges have affirmed their action.

My oath is that "I will see that the laws are faithfully executed."

The jury fixed the penalty. I have a plain duty to perform. It is not my province to make laws, but to execute them; neither is it my province to fix the death penalty, nor is it proper that I should intervene to prevent its infliction, when the law and the evidence authorize it. Respite refused.

(Signed) William O. Bradley

ARMY OF PLACE-HUNTERS.

Trouble Expected when the Minor Offices are Reached—Civil Service Attacked.

Washington, March 19.—The army of place hunters now in Washington shows no sign of evacuating the city. It may be remarked also that President McKinley keeps up an admiral courage despite the daily assaults on the White House, and remains firm in his intention not to surrender except on his own terms. His appointments have been well received for the reason that there was no particular fight being made for the places filled. The men selected were all considered sure winners from the start. It will be different when the president gets down to the minor offices. Up to the present no one seems to be able to secure definite information as to what the president's policy will be in regard to these appointments—that is to say, whether he purposes to make them at once or hold them up until after the passage of the tariff bill.

The impression prevails that the president will make no appointments he does not consider to be demanded by the needs of the public serivce until after the tariff bill has made its perilous voyage across the senate shoals. But the president himself does not say this. The only reason he gives for postponement is his desire to give all the applications due consideration, and to secure perfect harmony in the state delegations. Of course this will take time, and especially the attainment of the latter object, for when two men want the same thing and that thing cannot be cut in half, an entente cordiale is difficult to preserve.

The disappointment which has come to the politicians over the discovery that there are comparatively few places which can be given out by the president, owing to the civil service law, is deep and strong. The indignant element found a congressional champion today in Mr. Jenkins of Baraboo. Baraboo is in Sauk county and Sauk county is in Wisconsin. Mr. Jenkins of Baraboo announced his intention today to lead an attack against the democratic officeholders who are resting securely in the citadel of civil service. He has prepared a bill which he will introduce, providing for sweeping reforms in the civil service law. The main feature of this bill is a provision that no person shall hold office under the civil service more than five years. Another provision of the bill prohibits any resident of the District of Columbia from holding office under the civil service of the government.

Mr. Jenkins has discovered that the District of Columbia has far more than its quota of officeholders in the civil service. Not only is this so of the District of Columbia but it is also the case with Maryland and Virginia. While these states have largely exceeded their quota some of the southern and western states are far behind their appportionment. The way in which the district and the surrounding states come to secure more than their just share of the offices is this: A man from Missouri is appointed to a position in the treasury. When he comes to Washington he takes up his residence in Maryland and becomes a voter in that state. As the conclusion of the administration which provided for him he makes an application for a position under the civil service still as a citizen of Missouri, when, in fact, he has been for four years a citizen of the state of Maryland. Missouri not having its full quota he secures a place, four years at the capital having given him valuable information about how to proceed to get his name on the eligible list, and have it brought before the chiefs of departments. Thus the quota of Missouri is eaten up by men who, while originally citizens of that state, have given up their legal residence in it most likely with the intention of never returning. There are said to be a large number of such cases. Mr. Jenkins is fully determined to throw the calcium light of public opinion upon them.

State Appointments Made.

Springfield, Ill., March 18.—The trustees in the institution for the feeble minded children at Lincoln appointed Dr. Athlon of Marshall, superintendent, Dr. Barnett of Hartsburg assistant superintendent. The trustees of the northern hospital for the insane at Elgin elected Dr. John B. Hamilton of Chicago superintendent, F. H. Jenks of Aurora assistant superintendent. The state board of railroad and warehouse commissioners appointed Dan Hogan of Mound City registrar of the grain department of Chicago.

Japan Will Not Sell Its Silver.

New York, March 20.—Uchidia, the Japanese consul here sent this communication to the Associated Press today: "I am authorized to say that our country will not sell its silver, even after the adoption of the gold standard, as all available silver will be coined into subsidiary coins.

Two Well Known Statesmen

talked for months, from a front porch and rear end of a car. Perhaps the use of Foley's Honey and Tar will explain why they could do this, without injury to their vocal organs. It is largely used by speakers and singers. H. W. Bell, N. L. Krone.

SUCCESSFUL FILIBUSTER.

Cargo of Arms and Ammunition Delivered to Cubans Near Mariel.

Key West, Fla., March 20.—The important news was received here today of the landing in Cuba and safe delivery of the cargo carried by one of the expeditions that left the gulf coast of Florida some time last week. In this connection the Spanish admiral makes a severe arraignment of Weyler for his incapability on account of his failure to capture the expedition after it had landed. The admiral was recently sharply criticised for allowing the vessels to come to the Cuban coast without being captured, which irritated him. He now comes back at Weyler with a hot criticism of the incapability of the land forces.

It seems this expedition landed at a small bay west of Mariel. The Cubans had been informed of its approach and for several nights had waited for it under command of General Garriga. The night of the landing, about 12 o'clock, four lights were seen at sea, red, white, blue and green, which was the signal agreed upon, and the insurgents joyfully relied with three red lights, followed by one blue light. A short time later the black hull of a big steamer came in close to the bluff, the deep water allowing her to come within 100 feet of the shore. Hastily her stores were disembarked and everything loaded on the mule carts.

Suddenly a shot was heard upon the bank, then another and another, until a fusillade rang through the quiet woods. The Cubans rallied and made a fierce resistance to the government troops, who had so nearly surprised them, and after a desperate fight of nearly an hour drove them off with a heavy loss.

With this expedition there were twenty Americans, eight of them cowboys from the west. They entered the fight with great spirit and dash. The cargo was a large and valuable one, and the Cubans were greatly encouraged at having it land safely. A small rapid-firing gun that could be moved readily from place to place by mules was one of the most prized accessions.

General Garriga of the insurgent forces, in his letter to the Cubans here informing them of the safe arrival and delivery of the cargo, says that this gun alone is worth its weight in gold to them.

CORBETT TALKS SOME MORE.

The Ex-Champion Looks to Brady to Arrange Another Fight.

San Francisco, March 20.—In fashionable attire, with no external marks of pugilistic defeat, but debonnaire and smiling as if he had just won a great victory, James J. Corbett, ex-champion, paraded the streets yesterday and made his appearance in some of the noted cafes and saloons with a coterie of admiring friends.

"How do you feel, Jim?" asked his old friend, Porter Ashe.

"As well as any of the Corbetts," was the ex-champion's retort.

"You are looking all right," broke in Barney Fagan. "I don't see any marks of defeat on you."

"No, I came out without a scratch," continued Jim. "There are no cuts or gashes. A few of my joints are twisted, but that does not amount to anything. My people take it harder than I do. I wish I had weighed them all before the fight. I'll bet that Harry, Joe and all of them lost more than I did. It did not hurt father as much as it did the boys."

Jimmy Wakely of New York inquired what Jim's plans were for the immediate future.

"I won't make any move until Brady arrives," said he. "I see he is still trying to get another match with Julian, but I hardly think they will give me another chance. I don't care a snap about the championship. Fitzsimmons can call himself champion, and I suppose he is. But this does not annoy me. What I am after is another battle."

Other friends came in and extended their sympathy. He showed them his disabled hands which were swollen twice their normal size.

"That was all done in the sixth round," said he. "If they had not gone back on me I would have finished him in the seventh. That is why I had no steam."

In the presence of a number of his friends Jim expressed the opinion that Fitzsimmons was down twelve seconds when he fell in the sixth.

"You can bet all you have got," said he, "that he was out more than ten seconds. Scores of men will back me up, but the decision is made and there is no use kicking."

Lamoreux's Successor.

Washington, March 20.—Commissioner of the General Land Office Lamoreux's resignation was accepted this evening by the president. This leaves a vacancy which will have to be filled without delay, as the matters which come before the commissioner of the land office are of the highest importance, involving as they do title to the public domain. They are also frequently of a character which will not admit of delay.

The impression is that, before accepting Commissioner Lamoreux's resignation, President McKinley had fully made up his mind as to whom he would appoint as his successor. The general belief is that Binger Hermann of Oregon is to get the place. He is the most prominent man out for it, and the best indorsed. Hermann was the ranking member on the river and harbor committee of the last house. He was defeated for re-election through a fusion of the Democrats and free silver Republicans in his district. Commissioner Lamoreux's time had expired and he was anxious to get away. The friction between him and Secretary Bliss over the Chicago lake front decision made it impossible for him to remain.

Chicora, Pa., "Herald:" Richard Vensel reports One Minute Cough Cure the greatest success of medical science. He told us that it cured his whole family of terrible coughs and colds, after all other so-called cures had failed entirely. Mr. Vinsel said it assisted his children through a very bad siege of measles. One Minute Cough Cure makes expectoration very easy and rapid. A. J. Stoner & Son, Armstrong Bros. and N. L. Krone.

THE CONFESSION.

Jackson and Walling Confess Their Part in Killing and Beheading of Pearl Bryan.

WILL WOOD AND DR. WAGNER

Implicated—Latter was Sent to an Asylum—The Girl Said to Have Died at the Hands of Wagner.

Cincinnati, March 19.—Both the Enquirer and Commercial-Gazette publish a copyrighted and signed confession by Scott Jackson and Alonzo Walling, under sentence in Kentucky to be hanged tomorrow for the murder of Pearl Bryan.

Jackson says Will Wood of Greencastle, Indiana, wrote that he had gotten Pearl Bryan into trouble and asking Jackson to help him out. Wood sent Pearl to Cincinnati. Jackson asked his friend Walling to find some one who would perform an operation. Wednesday, January 29, Walling told him he had sent Pearl to Dr. Wagner at Bellevue, Kentucky, near Newport on Friday, January 31. He and Walling went there. Wagner sent him (Jackson) to a drug store for some ergot and when he returned the girl was unconscious and shortly afterward died. It was then determined to take her away. Wagner obtained a wagon and the body was put into it and all three got in and Wagner drove away. Opposite the place on the Alexandria pike where the body was afterward found they stopped and carried it there. At Wagner's direction Jackson held the girl's head and Wagner severed it from the body. They wrapped it in the girl's coat and Walling carried it to the wagon. He and Walling returned to Cincinnati. Wagner took the head away with him.

Walling's statement says the first he knew of the case was when Jackson asked him to help the girl out of her trouble. He wrote to one of his friends, May Smith, for information of a person who would perform an operation. She recommended him to see Dr Wagner, saying she had written him. Wagner called the same day and arrangements were completed and Pearl Bryan was sent to his place that afternoon. The rest of his story coincides with Jackson's.

The Enquirer also contains a special from Nicholasville, Ky., stating that Dr. Wagner having shown signs of mental disturbance, was taken to Nicholasville by his brother-in-law, Walter Hendren, where he remained till February 3. If this is true it establishes an alibi for Dr. Wagner, who is now in the insane asylum.

Will Hang To-Morrow

Frankfort, Ky., March 19.—The governor has decided to allow the sentence of execution against Jackson and Walling to be carried out without the interference on his part. So they will be hanged tomorrow. He has just ordered the troops to Newport. He evidently takes no stock in the confessions of the condemned men.

PLUMS FOR ILLINOIS.

Positions in the House Conceded to Illinois Distributed by Lot.

Washington, March 18.—If the army of Illinois office seekers could have witnessed a certain meeting of the Republican members of the Illinois congressional delegation yesterday it would realize what a serious thing a little office is.

The congressmen met in the river and harbor committee room at 3 o'clock at the call of "Uncle Joe" Cannon of Danville, the dean of the delegation.

He announced that the Republican steering committee controlling the house had set aside eighteen places on the house rolls to be filled by the Illinois delegation. These are the places:

Two laborers, each at $60 a month.

One sergeant of police at $1000 a year.

One policeman at $960 a year.

Five folding-room clerks at $720 and $840 a year.

Two pages, each at $4 a day.

Seven clerks at various salaries.

The members drew lots for the places with the following result:

Mann of Chicago, the capital prize, a journal clerk at $2000 a year.

Marsh of Warsaw, a bookkeeper at $2000 a year.

White of Chicago, a folding clerk at $1000 a year.

Belknap of Chicago, a folding clerk at $750 a month.

Mills of Chicago, a folding clerk at $720 a year.

Foss of Chicago, a special clerk at $100 a month.

Cooke of Chicago, a folding clerk at $720 a month.

Graff of Pekin, a sergeant of police at $1100 a year.

Connolly of Springfield, a policeman at $960 a year.

Prince of Galesburg, a clerk in the sergeant-at-arms office at $1600 a year.

Warner of Clinton, an assistant clerk in the folding room at $840 a year.

Reeves of Streator, a folding clerk at $720 a year.

Smith of Murphysboro, an assistant clerk at $840 a year.

Hopkins of Aurora, a folding helper at $70 a month.

Hitt of Mount Morris, a laborer at $60 a month.

Cannon of Danville, a laborer at $60 a month.

BATTLE REPORTED.

Greeks and Turks Said to Have Fought a Bloody Battle on the Frontier.

Paris, March 20.—A Belgrade, Servia, dispatch says: It is reported that a sanguinary conflict occurred between the Greeks and the Turks on the Thessalian frontier.

The Catholic church at Chesworth has contracted for a $1000 pipe organ.

THE ROCKING CHAIR SPINE.

An Affliction Resulting from Improper Sitting.

"Weaver's thumb" and "housemaid's knee" are quite familiar terms, especially to those who are fond of perusing journals medical and hygienic, but the "rocking chair spine" is less talked of, possibly because it is one of the possessions of those dwelling in more affluent circles, and is what may be classed the luxuries in the way of disease.

But it is none the less a clearly defined ill, and one that often leads to consequences more serious than its primary condition might suggest.

Indolence and love of ease are the inciting causes of this affliction, and genuine spinal disease has in many instances been its unfortunate climax.

Strict hygienists and health culturists tell us that the rocking chair is an unmixed evil. It perpetually changes the equilibrium of the body and agitates the circulation. It injures the eyes, as it continually changes the focus of whatever one may be looking at. It so disturbs the brain that physicians have forbidden mothers and nurses to rock delicate babies.

It will thus be seen that the rocking chair begins its deadly mission very early in the lives of its victims, and it is equally true that they are very likely to keep up the mischief until they are ready to make their final exodus and slip from the rocking chair into the grave.

The symptoms that first attract attention are a soreness and sensitiveness of the spine, usually that portion near or below the waist, and sometimes extending to the lower edges of the shoulder blades. There may be more or less indigestion accompanying it, and headaches are not infrequent.

The trouble arises from an improper position in sitting. Instead of keeping the spinal column in a perpendicular position, the lower part is bent forward, as one lounges in a chair with a sofa cushion. The strain on one side of the spine caused by its curved shape after a time produces irritation, and if long continued, inflammation of a serious character ensues. While there may not be fatal consequences, there surely are much inconvenience and discomfort attending a weak or irritable state of the spinal column. Good health cannot exist with such a condition of affairs, neither can good spirits dwell in such a body. Persons who experience a sense of weakness or weariness, or a dull ache in the back, will do well to take thought if they have been too devoted to the rocking chair and its luxurious cushions.

It is by physicians declared to be much better to rest either sitting upright or in a recumbent position, rather than the lounging, half-doubled-up attitude that rocking chair devotees ordinarily assume. But the wide, welcoming arms of an easy chair are so alluring that it takes Spartan courage to give up such a delicious luxury.—N. Y. Ledger.

MEAT COOKING.

Some Valuable Points for the Cook to Consider.

Mutton, beef and lamb stews and hashes, if properly prepared, that is cooked very slowly and made of the raw meat, are valuable additions to the bill of fare, and are digestible in the order named, but a stew or a hash which involves the second cooking of meats, or any of the almost numberless rechauffes, with receipts for which our culinary literature is laden, should be refused a place on the children's table. Use cold meats as cold meats, if possible, or, if they are absolutely refused when presented in this form, warm, but do not cook them in a gravy which may be prepared with a little stock, if none of the original gravy is left. Slice the meat in very thin slices or mince it very fine and when the gravy is well cooked and seasoned to taste, put the meat into it and set it on the back of the stove and leave it there until it is heated thoroughly. The usual rechauffe means more than reheating, it means recooking, and meats subjected to that process are more or less indigestible.

When preparing a stew or hash, cut lean meat and vegetables into pieces of the desired size, put into a stewpan, not made of metal which will rust, cover with cold water, let stand in a cold place for an hour, and then heat until it begins to simmer very slowly, keeping it closely covered meanwhile; let it simmer for from two to four hours, according to the toughness of the meat, seasoning it about half an hour before it is done and stirring occasionally so as to mash some of the potato or rice, which, one or both, should form one of its constituents and give it body. This makes a delicious dish, costs but little, is sufficient in itself, with the addition of bread and butter, for a meal and is readily digested. The vegetables used in it may be a matter of choice, rice, tomatoes, lima beans, corn, any or all of these may be used, and for seasoning, onion, a little spice, parsley, bay leaf, etc.—Washington Home Magazine.

Sauce for Game.

Take two cups of milk, one cup of dried bread crumbs, one-quarter of an onion, two tablespoonfuls of butter and half a teaspoonful each of salt and pepper. Dry the bread in a warm oven, then roll it into rather coarse crumbs, sift them and put the fine crumbs which come through the sieve on to boil with the milk, adding the onion, and boil 15 minutes, then skim out the onion and add one tablespoonful of butter and the seasoning. Fry the coarse crumbs until brown in the remainder of the butter, which should be very hot before they are added. Stir over a hot fire two minutes, being careful not to burn. Cover the breasts of the game or fowls with these, and pour the sauce around them.—St. Louis Republic.

—Did it ever occur to you that it is one of the hardest things in the world to always exercise common sense?—Atchison Globe

The Greek Protest to Austria.

Athens, March 20.—In the reply to the protest of the Greek government against the sinking of the Greek vessel by the Austrian gun boat, the Austrian representative replied that it was provoked by the insurgent attack on the gun boat. Greece then consented to await the result of an inquiry into the affairs.

Weekly Bank Statement.

New York, March 20.—The weekly bank statement shows: Reserve, decrease, $4,694,600; banks showed $48,169,000 in excess of legal requirements.

GREAT FLOODS.

Much Alarm in the Northwest on Account of the Raging Waters.

TOWNS COMPLETELY SUBMERGED.

Railroad Bridges Washed Out—Trains Abandoned—People Fleeing to Hills—Big Snows Melting.

Sioux City, Ia., March 20.—Dispatches from South Dakota, Iowa, Nebraska tell of serious floods and that the indications are that trouble has only begun. The Big Sioux has risen twelve feet in 36 hours at Westfield, and is still rising. The big bridge between Calliope and Hawarden has gone out and several others are expected to follow. The river is three miles wide at Akron. At Rock Rapids Rock river is within three feet of the great flood of 1881 and is still rising. The warm weather and the rain is rapidly melting the tremendous piles of snow in South Dakota, and swelling all the streams. The Missouri river is still solidly frozen between Pierre and Sioux City, but is covered with several feet of water. At Yankton the bottoms are under water and all the railroads are tied up. At Vermilion the residents on the lowlands have taken to the hills. The Great Northern lost a bridge at Viborg. The Milwaukee train was wrecked at Pilebridge near Parkston. The streams are higher in northeastern Nebraska than ever before known. The town of St. James is submerged. Comstock is reported lost. Trains are blockaded. The Floyd valley from Sioux City to Lemars is a sheet of water. Hundreds of families were forced to move out. The water is about stationary this morning. The ice in the Missouri river went out today.

Better Outlook South.

Memphis, March 20.—A measure of comfort was brought to this city this morning by the brightly shining sun and the announcement that the river had not risen during the last twenty-four hours. The work of rescue was continued, hundreds of negroes being brought in by boat.

Peoria Appeals to Cullom.

Washington, March 20.—Senator Cullom received a telegram today from leading citizens of Peoria, Ill., asking that government boats be employed for the relief of suffering persons on account of the floods between that city and Memphis. The dispatch said the situation was hourly growing worse. Cullom laid the matter before the secretary of war.

Sect. Alger Issues an Order.

Washington, March 20.—Secretary of War Alger has given orders that government vessels in the vicinity of Cairo, Ill., shall be put in commission at once and everything possible done to relieve the distress and danger incident to the prevailing river floods.

Mississippi Still Rising.

Dunbuque, Ia., March 20.—Over an inch of rain fell in the last twenty-four hours. The small streams are out of their banks and washing away a number of bridges. The Mississippi rose sixteen inches during the night and is filled with broken ice. All trains are behind time.

The Mississippi at Omaha.

Omaha, March 20.—The Missouri river has risen four feet the past twenty-four hours and is now near the danger line with the flood from the north yet to come.

TRAIN DERAILED.

Engine, Mail Car, Baggage Car and Coach on B. & O. Precipitated Into the River.

ONE KILLED AND FIVE INJURED.

Will Glenn, a Prominent Newspaper Man, Found Dead in Bed in Springfield This Morning from Heart Disease.

Oakland, Md., March 20.—The train from Cincinnati on the B. & O. road was derailed here this morning. The engine, mail car, baggage car and the forward coach plunged from the bridge into the river. One was killed and five were injured.

Will Glenn Found Dead.

Springfield, Ill., March 20.—William M. Glenn, widely known as a newspaper man, and for several sessions of the legislature has been in charge of the Associated Press bureau, was found dead in bed this morning. He retired last night apparently in good health. Death is supposed to be due to heart disease.

SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

Weekly Republican.

Entered at the Postoffice at Decatur, Illinois, as second class mail matter.

THURSDAY, MARCH 25, 1897.

Mary Ellen Lease seems to have been satisfied with the mortgage.

The gold Democrats in the Kentucky legislature are very properly inclined to vote for Doctor Hunter as against Governor Bradley.

It would be interesting at this stage of the game to know where Helen Gougar stands on the matter of the kinetoscope and the prize fight.

The more Corbett talks the more certain it becomes that he was overmatched in regard to fighting and endurance qualities when he met Fitzsimmons.

They are now trying to prove that Fitzsimmons is an Irishman. This, if established, may make life more endurable for Corbett, who is himself an Irishman.

The filibusters are shipping arms and ammunition into Cuba from the United States at a rate that indicates a revival of business that will be credited to the new administration without cavil.

Chairman Dingley's bill puts Balm of Gilead on the free list. Surely no Democrat will complain or kick about that for the consumption of that article may be considerable among the Brynites.

The department store problem which is now before the legislature has about as many and intricate departments in it as the stores themselves and it would be well for every member of the legislature to examine all the shelves before he puts himself on record.

Robert Brown says when he purchased his first trotting horse in 1856 only nineteen horses had lived that had trotted a mile in 2:30. Now there are more than 13,000 in the list that have been thought worthy of record. There are perhaps half as many more that have not been reported.

There are two things in the way of Governor Bradley of Kentucky being useful to the party which made him the first Republican governor of Kentucky, namely, he wants to go to the senate and is opposed to any other Republican becoming the United States senator from that state when the majority are for.

One of the industries which had grown up under protection in this country which was practically ruined by the Wilson bill was the manufacture of flies for fishing, the duties being reduced so that England recovered the market and our own manufacturers went down. It has not been reported whether it resulted in Cleveland buying his flies cheaper or not. If he did it was at the expense of American labor.

Silver has had six months to prove the assumption of the silverites that the price of silver and what are always in sympathy and when silver is down what is also down. But it has ignominiously failed to make any advance in that period but on the contrary has fallen lower and lower while wheat has practically maintained the advanced figures. This is simply another illustration of the rot put out by demagogues for campaign purposes.

Wheeler, who led the debate against the tariff bill, states that the duties provided in the new bill are in some cases higher than those in the McKinley bill. This may be true and yet be logical for conditions are very different from what they were when the McKinley bill was passed. There was not a surplus in the treasury and money was booming and all could find ample work. Now after four years of Democratic rule the national debt has been increased and millions of men cannot find work.

The lecture by General John B. Gordon, "The Last Days of the Confederacy," at the opera house Monday evening, March 29, is creating much interest among the people of Decatur and surrounding country. This is as it should be as it is a rare opportunity to hear from the lips of one of General Lee's best marshals latest glimpses of things that occurred after the cloud of battle that are not recorded in history from one who was always close enough in battle to observe the action of Union as well as Confederate troops and he tells them in a way to leave a lasting impression upon his hearers. His lecture is strictly patriotic and exalts the valor of American soldiers in battle and teaches a reverence for the flag.

One of the ruddiest comments on the appointment of Colonel John Hay as ambassador to Great Britain appeared this week in the Observer, published in Chicago. It is this:

Colonel John Hay, native of Indiana, former resident of Illinois, private secretary of President Lincoln, newspaper writer of some ability, author of "Pike County Ballads" and "Castilian Days," associate compiler of a rather voluminous and drowsy life of Abraham Lincoln, relative by marriage of the Standard Oil and Steel trusts, and present resident of Cleveland, Ohio, has been appointed by President McKinley to succeed as ambassador to the Court of St James, that anglo-maniacal old milk sop and humbug, Thomas F. Bayard, of Delaware. The appointment, I am glad to learn, gives general satisfaction to the Cockney press, as well as to the moneyed British aristocracy. It is thought in England that Ambassador Hay will maintain the proud record made by his predecessors who, as a rule, have been coddled and cajoled, supped, banqueted and bamboozled into making anti-colored donkeys of themselves for the sake of deserving the fulsome flattery of the Cockney press and the ephemeral smile of Cockney society. I hope he will not forget his famous closing lines in "Banty Tim," and that he may make practical application of them when England next lays her hand upon an American citizen:

You may run about till the cows come home,
But if one of you touches the boy,
He'll wrestle his hash to right in hell,
Or my name's not Tillman Joy!

Presents to McKinley.

If President McKinley had any doubt of the devotion of the people for their chief executive the gifts which have arrived at the White House in the past few days would have convinced him of the existence of such a feeling. Among the latest contributions to arrive are a big dog, a model of a boat and a cable chain with an anchor attached, which an admiring citizen whittled out of pine. The big dog was a welcome gift. He is a splendid specimen of the St. Bernard race and is highly prized by all the members of the president's family. Attached to his neck was a card from the donor informing the president that the dog's name was "Moscow." The boat model was presented by ex-Governor Pinchback of Louisiana, and a delegation, including State Senator De Mas. It is the handiwork of a colored cabinet-maker named Samuel E. Davis of New Orleans, and is a very creditable evidence of his skill. It is about four feet over all, and was brought up to the White House in a glass case by four stalwart colored men.

General Grosvenor lugged the wooden chain up to the executive mansion yesterday and presented it on behalf of the maker, N. C. Cook of Meigs county, Ohio. General Grosvenor explained that Mr. Cook was a valiant soldier during the war but was not able to guarantee that he was not an applicant for office, being an Ohio man.

An amusing request reached the White House today. Alfred Wiehl of 18 Beaver street, New York, requested that a vial which accompanied his note be filled with water from a White House faucet, the water to be used in baptizing Franz McKinley Draz in New York tomorrow night. The request was granted. The infant to be christened was born on election night. Mr. Wiehl is a friend of the baby's family.

Taxing the Poor.

It will be noted that the argument, if it be fair to dignify the assumptions of the free traders as such, produced against the pending tariff bill is the same as that the country has heard time out of mind. But there is one remarkable and paradoxical addition to it. It is this: The tariff is a tax and at a time like this when labor is unemployed to raise duties and thus increase the cost of the poor man's living is cruel. This reminds one of the ingrate who was convicted of the murder of his father and mother and who when the judge inquired if he had anything to say why sentence should not be pronounced upon him, pleaded that the judge should bear in mind that he was a poor orphan.

Under protection the great development of the country progressed without interruption. The so-called poor man had a market for his labor at good wages. He had money to buy and provide for his family and tariff taxes did not bear upon him. When the free trader succeeded in beguiling men into the notion that protection had nothing to do with keeping up a demand for labor, that the tariff was a tax for which we received nothing in compensation; that labor would be no more prosperous if we bought the products we could make for ourselves, by our own labor, from abroad, and the free traders succeeded to the control of the government then the demand for labor ceased to keep running at full tide, became less and less until soup houses took the place of plenty and idleness the place of honest labor at good wages. Under those conditions, had every vestige of tariff been removed the idle workman could have bought nothing. If the low tariff of the Wilson bill did not make labor more prosperous by increasing the demand for labor as was promised for it, what earthly benefit has it been to labor? Has cheaper goods imported from abroad helped labor on when it kept labor idle? How is it that the free trader has the audacity in the face of those disastrous conditions brought upon labor by an un-American system to plead this very condition as a reason why the tariff should not be restored? The protectionist proposes by increased duties to open the workshops of the country and let labor again enter into them to set the spindles humming again, to the air of prosperity and hope. The protectionist understands, because he is no fake theorist, that when labor is re-employed it will not complain even if prices are advanced. Labor has tried the experiment of buying goods cheaper with no employment to secure the wages to buy them with and is anxious to get back to first principles and the protectionist proposes to give him a chance.

When a protective tariff is once again upon our statute books and our industries begin to take upon themselves a new and healthy life there will be no trouble about cheap goods. Our home market will again be revived and the home competition and the demand for goods will combine to make them cheap enough and remove the barren and rotten theory that the tariff is a tax added to the price of the product from the brain of the most ignorant. When business demands it money will again circulate from bank to pocket, from pocket to pocket and from pocket to bank and the free silverite who howls for more money at a time when there is nothing to make money circulate will seek the shady side of the Populist bush heap.

Britain's Anxiety for Our Shipping.

American Economist: The fact that fifteen Republican state conventions, the Republican national convention and President McKinley all indorsed the discriminating duty policy last year is pretty good answer to the one resolution that has been adopted in the United States against that policy. It is scarcely to be believed that the Republican statesmen who indorsed the discriminating duty policy did not know what they were doing. They were untrammelled and uncontrolled by foreign influences, masking under American pretensions, although those same influences are now energetically being exerted to undermine some Republicans who are more weak than patriotic.

Because a maritime association at one of our ports has come out against discriminating duties for flimsy reasons, as stated in their preambles, but for serious reasons, as is the case when the character of the influences that brought about the adoption of those resolutions is known, that need not frighten any believer in American ships for American foreign commerce. The resolutions adopted at the meeting of the association in question were for the purpose of preventing American ships from regaining the carrying of American commerce. There are free trade associations in the United States that would, and may, adopt similar resolutions, but these would cause nothing but a smile of derision.

There are very good reasons, not yet made public, and not of a character to influence American legislators adversely to American shipping interests when made public, that the British and other foreign people will be able to offer as to why the discriminating duty policy should not be adopted. There are good reasons, though, and plenty of them, why the English thought differently when their ships needed protection, and for which reasons the discriminating duty policy was in force in Great Britain for twenty centuries, and was only abandoned when British ships were able to compete with all the world under free trade and without large subsidies. The British anxiety for our mercantile marine is intensely amusing.

Events Strengthen the Gladstone Letter.

Chicago Journal: After reading the full text of Mr. Gladstone's magnificent appeal for Greece admiration for its unanswerable arguments and impassioned eloquence receives a new impulse as we learn of the latest proceedings of the allied fleets at Crete. The blockade has been begun and while the whole christian population is cut off from supplies the Moslems in town and country are permitted to land anything they please except arms. It appears from the sweeping nature of the prohibition against the christians that the bullet-headed admirals have determined to put them without the pale of international law.

But this is not the full extent of the iniquity. The tactics of the day when the guns of the fleet silenced the Greeks and encouraged the Turks to fire upon them have been resumed. Moslems were permitted to set fire to the town of Elos without interruption from or reproval by the wretched instruments of despotism. "The Turkish acting governor" says one of the leading dispatches, "has let go all the thieves caught in Canea on the ground that the evidence was not sufficient. Meantime the pillaging of unoccupied christian houses continues every night."

So from day to day events occur to strengthen the impression made by Mr. Gladstone's words and to arouse the English people against their wretched excuse for a government. A political machine continues to misrepresent the nation by virtue of a servile parliamentary majority and to trail along in the wake of the two young despots of Russia and Germany, but, thanks to the grand old man, its power for evil has been checked. An overt attack on Greece by English soldiers and sailors would be followed by a rumpus in London that would tumble the Salisbury ministry over in a day.

MACON COUNTY BAR MEETING.

Not Opposed to Consolidation of the Illinois Supreme Court.

From the Daily of Wednesday.

A meeting of the members of the Macon county bar was held in the circuit court room this forenoon, called to order by A. F. Smith. Judge Vail was chosen to preside and C. O. Leforgee was elected secretary. Mr. Smith and A. H. Mills offered motions embodied in the following expression, which expression was adopted:

Whereas, A bill has passed the house and is now pending before the senate for the consolidation of the three grand divisions of the supreme court of the state of Illinois at Ottawa, therefore,

Resolved, By the bar of Macon county that while we are not opposed to the consolidation of the supreme court at a central point, we protest against its location at Ottawa, a town inconvenient and inaccessible to the people of central and southern Illinois, and

Resolved, That a copy of this resolution be presented to Hons. M. F. Kanan, W. G. Cochran, James Sharrock and O. T. Atchison and that they be requested to use all honorable means to have the consolidated supreme court located at Springfield.

The following committee was appointed to present the resolutions to Senators Kanan and Representatives Cochran, Sharrock and Atchison: A. F. Smith, A. H. Mills and C. C. Leforgee.

Garden Seeds.

Just received a large stock of all kinds of D. M. Ferry & Co.'s fresh bulk garden seeds, at the Spencer & Lehman Co.'s.—jan 29-d&wtf

Mason's Private Secretary.

Paul Macoughtry, formerly of this city but now of Chicago, is at Washington acting as Senator Mason's private secretary. Paul is well known in Decatur as he formerly lived in the city. For the past two years he has been associated with Mr. Mason in his law office at Chicago.

The Jail is Crowded.

Sheriff Nicholson has a large number of prisoners at the county jail. There are 36 behind the bars and most of them are in for some more or less serious offense. There are no vagrants and most of the men in the jail must stand trial.

If asked the question "Have you got a stomach?" it would be safe on general principles to answer "Yes." But, if you are sure of it, that is, if you ever feel any distress after eating or any pains of whatever description in the region of the stomach, you have got something more than an ordinary stomach; in other words, you have got a diseased stomach. The stomach is a powerful muscle; and the proper remedy for a tired muscle is rest. Try the Shaker Digestive Cordial, for this product not only contains digested food, which will nourish the system without any work on the part of the diseased organs, but it aids the digestion of other foods as well. You can test its value in your case for the trifling sum of 10 cents. Sample bottles at this price are carried by all druggists.

Laxol is the best medicine for children. Doctors recommend it in place of Castor Oil.

WASHINGTON TALK.

Speaker Reed Not Likely to Name the House Committees for Some Time.

GUESSING AS TO THE TARIFF BILL.

The General Arbitration Treaty Still a Bone of Contention—Republican Senators May Name One Postmaster.

Washington, March 22—(From our regular Correspondent)—Speaker Reed has not authorized the statement that he will not appoint the other house committees until the meeting of the regular session of congress next December. To all inquiries on the subject the speaker has replied in substance that he has not decided the matter definitely. The impression left upon the mind of those who have talked with him on the subject is that Mr. Reed will be governed by circumstances. There is reason to believe that the committee assignments have practically been completed and could be announced at short notice. A gentleman whose position is as good as anybody for getting advance knowledge of Mr. Reed's intentions, said when asked about the committees "I don't know, but my guess is that the committees will be announced at the present session, but not until the joint resolution naming the day of adjournment has been adopted and signed by the president."

It having been made very plain by the businesslike beginning of the debate on the Dingley tariff bill in the house that the Republicans intend to put that measure through just as it is on the afternoon of March 31, in accordance with the rule which has been adopted, the men who are trying to get the bill amended in all sorts of ways have transferred their attention to the members of the senate finance committee, which has already taken the bill up for consideration. These men are now predicting that the bill will be amended out of all resemblance to itself in the senate, but Republicans are loth to believe that the Republicans on the finance committee—Senators Morrill, Allison, Aldrich, Platt and Wolcott—will sanction any amendments calculated to make the bill less protective to American interests. Senator Jones of Nevada holds the balance of power between Republicans and Democrats in the committee, and he has only recently said that he believed in protection as much as he ever did. Injurious amendments may be added on the floor of the senate, but Republicans do not expect such from the finance committee.

Representative Cannon of Illinois has a habit of getting off retorts in such a droll and dry manner that he seldom fails to make his victim join in the laughter which usually follows. Speaking of the Indian appropriation bill, one of those that failed at the last session, Representative Sayres of Texas expressed the opinion that President McKinley would not sign the bill if it were passed. Looking straight at Mr. Sayres Mr. Cannon said very slowly and distinctly: "I have great confidence in my friend, but I would never shoot him for a prophet." Mr. Sayres joined in the shout of laughter. The house acted promptly upon the advice of Mr. Cannon, who was chairman of the committee on appropriations in the last house and who will occupy the same position in the present house, and passed the appropriation bills that failed at the last congress, just as they had been passed before, with the exception of one paragraph in the Indian bill. There was no occasion to do over again what had been well done at first.

Senator Allen of Nebraska undertook to give the Republicans and Democrats of the senate a scolding because the vacancies in the senate committees had not been filled, but he had no reply to make when Senator Chandler said: "Doesn't the senator know that neither party has a majority here, unless it gets the co-operation of the Populists? Now I would suggest that if the senator will only cast his vote with us, we will have the necessary working majority."

The speech of Senator Davis of Minnesota, now chairman of the committee on foreign relations, in favor of the arbitration treaty, has made new friends for the treaty. Mr. Davis stated in his speech, which was made in executive session, that he had opposed the treaty as it was sent to the senate, but that the amendments, now added, had removed the objectionable features and that he was heartily in favor of its ratification.

Postmaster General Gary has decided that except in cases which present some extraordinary reason for a deviation the old rules will be adhered to in the appointment of postmasters. These rules in brief are about as follows: Republican senators will be allowed to name the postmaster of the largest city in their congressional district; Republican representatives will name all other postmasters in their districts, and in districts represented in congress by Democrats or Populists and in states having no Republican senators the choice will be made by the Republican chairman or some other designated referee. The congressional delegations must also keep track of the expiration of the terms of postmasters, as the department will not notify them.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by E. A. West, the druggist.

On Sunday Alfred Cooley, an old settler at Fairbury died at Kankakee, aged 70 years.

New Spring
Suits and Overcoats.

The New Up-to-Date Styles are ready—the proper styles, the Newest Fabrics, the Latest Cut—in every way as they should be in Style and Price, is what Ottenheimer & Co. can show you. We start at

$5.00 FOR MEN'S PURE ALL WOOL SUITS. AT $6.00, AT $7.00 AND UPWARD

None as cheap and nice ever shown in our place. This season you can depend on buying goods cheaper and better of us. We have determined to carry the best line obtainable and guarantee every garment that leaves our store.

We will sell Black Clay All Worsted Suits,
Sewed with pure Die Silk, made and trimmed first-class, Sack and Frock styles, at

$6.75.

Fine Dress Suits.

CHOICE OF THOUSANDS OF NEW SUITS.

BOYS' DEPARTMENT.

Open Saturday.

All the Newest Stylish Suits for Boys, 2½ years up. What's new can be found at our place. Lower prices prevail, and better goods for less money than ever.

Thousands of Bran New Suits to Select From.

OTTENHEIMER & CO.,

The Progressive Clothiers, Hatters and Furnishers, Masonic Temple.

Upright, Square and Honorable Dealings.

THE
STEWART
...Dry Goods Co...

For Wednesday and Thursday Only

Some Very Special Bargains.

STAMPED LINENS...
Extraordinary Values.

One Cent Each.
25 dozen of Stamped 5 inch Linen Doylies, all the latest designs, lovely floral and conventional patterns, cut work edges, and instead of 5c, Wednesday and Thursday they go for... 1c

For 3c Each.
25 dozen of new Stamped Linen Doylies, 7 to 9 inches square, all the latest spring patterns. You have frequently paid 10c for a similar Doylie, but for Wednesday and Thursday they go for each... 3c

Center Pieces 4c.
25 dozen of beautiful Stamped Linen Centerpieces, 12 inches square, all the newest designs, worth up to 15c, but for Wednesday and Thursday they go for each... 4c

Center Pieces 10c.
20 dozen of Linen Centerpieces, all the latest stamping, new, lovely designs, 18 inches square, worth up to 25c, but for Wednesday, and Thursday they go for each... 10c

25c Each.
10 dozen of lovely Commode Scarfs, 50 inches long, knotted fringe at the ends, beautifully stamped, made of very handsome Momie linen, instead of 45c, they go for each.. 25c

Stamped Linens.

All at 33c Each.
10 dozen of very handsome Bureau and Dresser Scarfs, stamped with the newest designs, 2 yards long and instead of 50c, Wednesday and Thursday they go for each... 33c

All at 49c.
5 dozen of Momie Linen Dresser Scarfs, beautiful drawn work, stamped with various new spring designs, 2 yards long, and instead of 75c they go for each... 49c

25c a Pair.
20 dozen pairs of Stamped Pillow Shams, nicely hemstitched, all the newest patterns, and instead of 50c a pair, they go for, a pair... 25c

SALE OF WHITE GOODS.

6c India Linen... 3½c
7½c India Linen... 5c
10c India Linen... 7½c
12½c India Linen, 40 inches wide, for... 9c

All at 63c a Yard.
25 pieces of beautiful 72-inch Full Bleached Satin Damask Genuine Irish Linen. Remember we do not exaggerate, they are worth $1.00 a yard, but for Wednesday and Thursday we sell them for... 63c

All size Napkins to match at very special prices.

Everything New, Fresh, Bright and Beautiful.

The STEWART
Dry Goods Co.,
211 North Water Street.

DR. MILLER,

The Regular and Reliable Specialist, Who has Visited Helbyville and Other County Seats Since 1891,

Cures permanently the cases he undertakes and sends the incurable home without taking a fee from them. This is why he continues his visits year after year while other Specialists have made a few visits and ceased to return.

DR. MILLER,

Of Chicago,

An eminently successful Specialist in all the chronic diseases, proven by the many cures effected in chronic cases which had baffled the skill of all other physicians, will be at the

Hotel St. Nicholas
DECATUR, ILL.,
Wednesday, April 21, 1897.

Office Hours: 9 a. m. to 8 p. m.

His hospital experience and extensive practice have made him so proficient that he can name and locate a disease in a few moments. Treats all curable cases of Catarrh, Nose, Throat and Lung diseases, Eye and Ear, Stomach, Liver and Kidneys, Gravel, Rheumatism, Paralysis, Neuralgia, Nervous and Heart Diseases, Blood and Skin Diseases, Bright's Disease and Consumption in early stages. Diseases of Bladder and Female Organs; Stammering treated and recurrence prevented.

A never-failing remedy for Big-Neck.

Every case of PILES, FISTULÆ and RUPTURE guaranteed cure without detention from business.

Private Diseases a Specialty. Seminal Weakness, Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, Stricture, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Lost Manhood, and the effects of early vice or excess, producing emissions, debility, nervousness, defective memory, dizziness, etc., which ruins both mind and body, PositiveLY Cured.

...Wonderful Cures...

Perfected in old cases which have been neglected or unskillfully treated. No experiments or failures. We undertake no incurable cases, but cure thousands given up to die.

CONSULTATION
Free and Confidential.

ADDRESS

Dr. R. B. Miller,
170 Oakwood Boulevard,
CHICAGO, ILL.

REFERENCE: Globe Savings Bank of Chicago.

Arbor Day Tuesday April 30.

Hon. Samuel M. Inglis, state superintendent of public instruction, is issuing a circular letter to all superintendents of schools in the state calling attention to the fact that Governor Tanner has designated Tuesday, April 30, as Arbor day and for special programs in keeping with the day be had at all public schools; also that trees, shrubs, etc., be planted by school children and all citizens generally upon that day.

Held to Answer.

At Mt. Zion Tuesday Forest Bromley had his preliminary trial for the alleged betrayal of Miss Jane Adams, and was placed under $300 bonds to appear in the county court. Bail was promptly furnished by the father of the young man. A. H. Mills appeared for the prosecution and J. M. Gray for the defense.

Urbana will do $90,000 worth of street paving this season.

NewspaperARCHIVE®

FARMERS' COLUMN.

FARM LOANS—SIX PER CENT. INTEREST—Lowest commission. Prepayment privileges. Money ready when papers are accepted. Don't contract for a loan until you get my terms. C. E. GIVEN, 505 Millikin Bank Building. Oct 28-d&wtf

ALBERT T. SUMMERS,
—LOAN BROKER,—
All Classes of Loans Negotiated.
145 North Water Street, DECATUR, ILL.

LOANS Of All Kinds Made by PEGRAM & CO.,
Room One, over Citizen's Nat. Bank.

THE "Dollar Special" cabinet photo is still being made. $1.00 per dozen. Proofs no charge. Accuracy and permanence guaranteed. Cloudy days no hindrance in getting good negatives. East End Gallery, 107½ E. Eldorado St. Dec. 30 d&wtf

WHITE SEED OATS—I have for sale a lot of White Burley Seed Oats at 22 cents per bushel, on the Spangler farm, two miles northeast of Decatur. J. R. RACE. 26-wtf

FARM LOANS.

Money to loan on farm lands at 7 per cent, without commission. Also we pay for abstracts and recorder's fees. Positively no expense to borrowers on farm lands. Apply to ALBERT T. SUMMERS, Loan Broker, 145 North Water Street, Decatur, Ill. Jan. 11-w1m

DR. ARTHUR D. KYNER,
Resident Dentist,
BLUE MOUND, ILL.
Office up stairs in Geo. Elliott's New Brick Building.
Examination Free. Satisfaction guaranteed may16-w

Farm Loans on a Desirable Plan.

We are making farm loans on lands in Central Illinois in sums of from $1,000 to $50,000 not to exceed 40 per cent, of the market value of the land offered as security. Interest 6 per cent per annum. Interest payable annually. Repayments of loan can begin with end of the first year when you pay your interest, and can be kept up in successive years, or not, at the option of the borrower. S. T. NESBITT, Room 1, New Gittich Block. Feb. 25-wtf

TO THE SOUTH.

BOLEN & LANNING, Real Estate Dealers, have another of their popular EXCURSIONS TO TEXAS on TUESDAY, APRIL 6TH, where they are selling so much of their choice cheap lands near Houston and Galveston. These lands are smooth, level prairie, most of them new and rich, have never had a plow in them. We can sell you cheaper and better lands, better terms than any one. We can take exchange in on some of them. Write us for circulars. We also do a general exchange business, have land to exchange for stores of goods, goods to exchange for lands. In fact can fit you with almost any kind of a trade. Especially notice their circulars on the country across the bayou from Galveston. Write us or call and see us in Millikin bank building, Decatur, Ill.
BOLEN & LANNING.

....GREAT....
COW SALE!

The undersigned will offer at public sale at their dairy farm, three miles northwest of Decatur, on the gravel road,

35 THIRTY-FIVE 35

head of Cows and Heifers, also Three Fine Young Jersey Bulls, on

THURSDAY, APRIL 1, 1897.

This is a lot of superior milk cows from which anyone can select a reliable cow for family or dairy use. Some are fresh and others are due by date of sale. The herd consists of Holsteins, Short Horns and Jerseys. The bulls and some of the heifers are from Ralph Ogden No 27,111. Every cow to be offered will pay for herself before note becomes due.

TERMS OF SALE.

10 months credit will be given on all sums over $10, with 7 per cent interest from date if not paid promptly when due. Notes with approved security to be given. 7 per cent. discount for cash. Property not to be removed before terms are complied with.
No sign of rain sale will be under cover.
Sale to commence at 11 o'clock.
Free lunch at noon. Come early.
U. A. LUTZ
S. M. LUTZ.
J. T. WARD Auctioneer.
March 21 d&wd

Fits Cured

From U.S. Journal of Medicine. Prof. W. R. Peake, who makes a specialty of Epilepsy, has without doubt treated and cured more cases than any living Physician; his success is astonishing. We have heard of cases of so years' standing cured by him. He publishes a valuable work on this disease, which he sends with a large bottle of his absolute cure, free to any sufferers who may send their P. O. and Express address. We advise any one wishing a cure to address Prof. W. R. PEAKE, P. D., 4 Cedar St., New York

MARKETS.

CHICAGO, Ill., March 24, 1897.

The REPUBLICAN is indebted to B. Z. Taylor, dealer in grain, provisions and stocks, with correspondents in Chicago, New York, Minneapolis and St. Louis for the following market quotations

	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
Wheat—				
March	—	—	—	72
May	73⅞	73⅞	72⅝	73⅝
July	71⅝	72	71⅛	71⅞
Corn—				
March	—	—	—	23⅝
May	24⅝	24⅝	24⅛	24⅝
July	25⅜	25⅝	25⅛	25⅝
Oats—				
March	—	—	—	16⅝
May	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛
July	18⅛	18⅛	18	18⅛
Pork—				
March	—	—	—	—
May	8.70	8.80	8 65	8.77½
Lard—				
March	—	—	—	—
May	4.20	4.25	4 20	4.25
Ribs—				
March	—	—	—	—
May	4.07	4 07½	4 00	4.07½

May wheat puts, 72⅛c; calls, 73⅛c, cash, 72⅞c.

TO-DAY'S RECEIPTS—CAR LOTS.

Wheat—12 Estimated, 15. Year ago, 10. Corn—64, Estimated, 140, a year ago 197 Oats—96, Estimated, 110, a year ago, 191

ESTIMATES FOR TO-MORROW.

Wheat, 9; Corn, 65; oats, 92.

Hog receipts 19,000, estimated, 20,000. Market steady.

Light, $3.90@$4.10, Mixed, $3 95@$4 17, Heavy $3.95@$4 17; Rough $3.75@$3 90. Estimated for to-morrow, 20,000.

Cattle receipts, 12,500. Market stronger.

NEW YORK MARKET.

NEW YORK, March 24.—Wheat, May, 79c Corn, May, 30½c. oats, May, 21⅝c.

NEW YORK, March 24.—Butter, steady, creamery, 13@19c, Eggs, steady, 10@11c.

ST. LOUIS MARKET.

ST. LOUIS, March 24.—Wheat, cash, 94c; May, 89½c; Corn, cash 21¼; May, 22⅛; Oats, cash, 13c; May, 19.

PEORIA QUOTATIONS.

PEORIA, March 24.—Corn, firm, new, No. 2, white, 22½c, oats, firm, No. 2, white, 20@20½c; rye, nominal.

Death of a Child.

Annie, the infant daughter of Mrs. Lizzie Bitterick, living near Sangamon, died March 20 of lung fever, aged 14 months. The funeral was held Sunday morning at 11 o'clock from the residence and the burial was at the Whistler cemetery. The services were conducted by Rev. Ritchie.

Tip Benton

In McLean county Saturday Republican primaries were held to vote on judge. In the contest Judge Myers came out winner, getting 171 delegates, while Judge Tipton could secure only 96.

Frank Yondorff, the boy who was injured Saturday morning by riding on a freight car near the depot, died of his injuries Sunday morning at 10:30 o'clock at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Yondorff, on Washington street. The boy was terribly injured and it was not supposed that he could live.

Race Clothing M'fg Co.,

Spring is at hand, so is our Spring Stock of Clothing.

Nobby Spring Overcoats.
Exclusive Patterns only shown by us. Prices Very Low....

Sack Suits
in new effects, cut to fit
$10.00 and $12.00 buys a Beauty.

Clay Diagonals
in Sacks and Frocks,
Cheaper than you ever saw them.
$7, $8, $10, $15.

Young Men's Suit
In the Latest Patterns, Tailor Made ...
—$5.00, $7.00, $10.00—

Boys' Suits,
Long Pants,
$3.50, $4.00, $5.00
* * AND UP.

CHILDREN'S SUITS,
Juniors, Vestees, Single and Double Breasted styles....
Goods Worth the Money.

ONE LOT TWO STYLES
Boys' Cheviot Suits,
6 to 13 years, Single and Double Breasted....
$1.00 per Suit—Going Fast.

Boy's Knee Pants
25c.
Good ones for the money.
WE HAVE BETTER ONES.

Fancy Shirts,
OUR OWN MAKE,
35c, 50c, 75c, $1.00.
Our Work Shirts are the best sold. Larger and better made.

STETSON and MILLER HATS.
—We are the Agents—
SPRING STYLES.

We show you the
..Best Hats..
in the Medium Grades you ever saw for the money.
—50c AND UP—

Neckwear...
The Very Latest.
Just in
—COME AND SEE THEM.—

Come and see Us. We can Save You Money.

RACE CLOTHING MF'G CO., 135 North Water Street.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

Maroa.

Rev. E. B. Miner preached at Plymouth Sunday.

Miss Julia Shewmaker of Chicago is visiting her parents east of town.

Jacob Ritter and wife, who have been visiting their daughter, Mrs. Jacob Dill, returned to their home in Springfield on Monday.

Leslie Cook of Danvers is working for Wm. Basler, the blacksmith.

Humphrey Moore of Clinton was in town Monday.

Mrs. Sarah Fry, who spent the winter at Mrs. Clara Batterson's in Muscatine, Iowa, returned home last week.

Mrs. Leslie Cook of Danvers spent Sunday with her husband at Wm. Basler's.

E. Friedman left Saturday for Olney.

Chas. Theis and family, who were guests of Mrs. A. Barnett for a few days, returned to their home at Monier Saturday.

Mrs. E. A. Morgan of Decatur was in the city on Wednesday.

Mrs Young and family of Fairmount, Ill., will occupy Mrs. Mary Jones' house just south of the Columbia hotel in a few days.

Mrs. Grass of Decatur visited Miss Shewmaker on Tuesday.

Chas. Bennett, who has been in the News office, returned to work in Decatur on Tuesday.

Miss McCrimmon of St. Louis arrived Sunday to take a position with Miss Mollie Schultz the milliner.

Mrs M. E. Dinwiddie of Champaign returned to her home Monday after a visit with her sister, Mrs. H. J. Gault.

William Mendenhall returned Friday from a business trip to Texas.

Mrs. D.J. Moyer and daughter Blanche were guests of Dan Rung and family at Kenney Saturday.

B G. Jameson and wife and Miss Burleigh Hitt of Decatur, who have been visiting Mr and Mrs. Joe Hitt, returned to their home Wednesday.

A. M. Hughes and Mrs. Grimsley of Clinton were married on the 17th inst. They will reside in Monticello. Mr. Hughes formerly lived here.

Mrs Minnie Stafford has purchased the house that she occupied a few weeks ago of Mrs Nancy Cox. She paid $700.

Miss Jean Sonelz is visiting friends in Chicago.

The ladies of the Christian church will serve dinner on township election day.

Mrs Rebecca Schenck and Eddie Hehir, who have been seriously sick, are better.

Mrs William Buck and children of Waynesville spent Sunday with relatives here.

Little Henry Cundiff, who had his leg broken a week ago, is getting along nicely.

Charles May of Terre Haute, Ind., and Dr. Harlan of Silverton, Colo., are interesting our citizens in gold mine stock.

Fifteen Masons from this place went to Clinton Friday evening and assisted in conferring the third degree upon two candidates. After the work a splendid supper was served.

Misses Anna Lear, elocutionist, Clotilde Herdman, vocalist; Mabel Chisholm, pianist, will give an entertainment at the Presbyterian church Monday under the auspices of the Y. P. S. C. E.

Mrs. Anna Emlinger of Mt. Pulaski and Mrs. Ella Schenck of Chicago are guests of Carl Schenck and wife.

Mrs. W. D Barnett and son Ellis of Clinton spent Tuesday with friends here.

At Maroa Saturday last both parties made nominations as follows.

Republican ticket
Supervisor—J B. Morris.
Clerk—T. B Hardin
Assessor—J M. Oakes.
Collector—Martin Hitt.
Commissioner of Highways—John Anderson.
Justices of the Peace—C. C. Crandall and F. L Bogle.
Constables—J. M. Biddle and M. Gullett.

Democrat ticket.
Supervisor—David Weillipp.
Clerk—N. A Crouch.
Assessor—A. Wykoff.
Collector—Harry Stoutenborough.
Commissioner of Highways—Robert Leech
Constables—J. S McGruo and James Whitehead.

No nominations were made for justices of the peace.

Outten.

Miss Blanche Walker is visiting her sister, Mrs Cora Britton.

Died, at the home of her parents, March 21, little Vera Kregg.

C. A. Gregory returned from Lexington Monday.

Miss Jessie Bilby visited her sister Sunday.

Edward Markman, George LaCosh, Misses Hettie Markman and Lola LaCosh visited friends near Todd's Point Monday.

N. J. Loring of Lake City was in this place Monday.

C. H. Gregory and J. M. Bushash went to Decatur Monday.

Operator Ed May was called from this place to take charge of the Arthur office for a few days.

James Kile visited home folks in Mackinaw Sunday.

Casner.

Miss Susie Florey of North Fork is with the family of A. J. Chapman.

The Democrats held their primary at Long Creek Friday afternoon. Nearly all of last year's ticket was renominated.

Mrs Chas. Lambert and children sent Sunday in Decatur with relatives.

Easter will be appropriately observed at both Long Creek and Casner churches.

Mrs Lewis Bushart and daughter Jessie have both been on the sick list this week.

A young man from this place went to Decatur on business He forgot what he went after and also forgot when the train departed and had to walk home He remembered the way home

Mrs. Susan Bushart, who was taken suddenly ill in Decatur last week, is still dangerously sick She is thought to have had a paralytic stroke She is slightly improved at this writing.

A blacksmith from Camargo has moved here and will begin at once building a shop, which is badly needed.

John Ditty's infant child is about to die. It has been sick only a short time.

Mr. and Mrs. Christie, representing the Wizard Oil, have made a number of friends during their stay here. Their entertainments are first class and well liked by all. They make a number of presents to patrons. The winners of these presents were announced Tuesday night at their last concerts.

The Republicans met at the hall at Long Creek Saturday afternoon to place candidates on the ticket for the annual election. The nominees are as follows: Clerk, Ernest Camp; assessor, Henry Lichtenberger; collector, Chas O. Cochran; commissioner, Jay Taylor; justices of the peace M. D. Lindsey and John Hirsch; constables, John Guston and James Foster; overseers of roads, Chas. B. Sowders, John Albert, Charles Lambert, Wm. Z. Monroe and Thomas Clark. Dr. Patterson was re-elected committeeman by acclamation. This is a good ticket from beginning to end, worthy of the support of all Republicans and should be elected without a single exception.

Dalton City.

Robert Stoner transacted business in Decatur Tuesday.

Jessie Brown the architect has located here.

John and Bunn Bresman were here Sunday.

Mulvey Bros. of Findlay were in our town Monday.

A good many of our citizens attended the trial at Mt. Zion Tuesday.

Mike McCarty and his best girl returned from Decatur Monday.

J Palmer and wife of Prairie Home visited Mr. McIntyre over Sunday.

J. W. Hillgoss will erect a fine residence this spring.

William Clark is able to be on our streets again.

James Mayes returned from St Louis last week.

Tom Duryea of Decatur was on our streets Saturday

Allen Husker returned from Indiana last week.

Lloyd Zettle of Pennsylvania is visiting at Mr Shuey's.

Albert Waldfinder was on our streets Saturday.

B. McIntyre transacted business in Moweaqua Saturday.

Joe Freeland transacted business in Decatur Saturday.

Joe Hagerty and John McCoughey visited Decatur Tuesday.

Thomas Proctor of Prairie Home transacted business here Saturday.

Miss Kate Duggan returned home from Findlay last Monday.

THE KIDNAPPING CASE.

Mr. and Mrs. Roberts were Tried Before Justice Sherb To-Day but were Acquitted.

From the Daily of Wednesday.

The case of June Lancaster vs John Roberts and wife was tried before Justice Sherb this afternoon. The defendants were charged with kidnapping Lancaster's children, but were acquitted. Lancaster is a son-in-law of Mr. and Mrs. Roberts. In March, 1896, Mrs. Lancaster died and June said that he was going to Iowa and take the children. Roberts and his wife did not want Lancaster to take the children away so in May they filed a petition in the county court asking that a guardian be appointed for the children. The case was set for June 2. It was feared that Lancaster would take the children away before the guardian could be appointed and Mr. and Mrs. Roberts took the children from the Lancaster residence and brought them to the Inman hotel to keep until the case came up in the county court. This they claimed they did on the advice of the county judge and their attorney. On June 1 Lancaster had Roberts and his wife arrested for kidnapping the children. It was finally agreed that Lancaster's parents should raise the children, so both the civil and criminal cases were dropped. About ten days ago Lancaster again had Roberts and his wife arrested on the same charge of kidnapping. The prosecution was represented by Attorney Hutchinson and Leforgee and Lee and Mr and Mrs. Roberts were defended by Attorney J. M. Gray. After hearing the evidence Justice Sherb acquitted Mr. and Mrs. Roberts.

Your Boy Won't Live a Month.

So Mr. Gilman Brown, of 34 Mill St., South Gardner, Mass., was told by the doctors. His son had lung trouble, following typhoid malaria, and he spent three hundred and seventy five dollars with doctors, who finally gave him up, saying "Your boy won't live a month." He tried Dr. King's New Discovery and a few bottles restored him to health and enabled him to go to work a perfectly well man. He says he owes his present good health to use of Dr. King's New Discovery, and knows it to be the best in the world for lung trouble. At West's drug store.

Public Sale.

I will sell at my farm two miles west of Decatur on the Springfield road Saturday, March 27, at 10 o'clock a. m., the following live stock

Twenty head of Jersey, Holstein and Short Horn cows and heifers.

18-dtd D. C. Moffitt.

Out.

Cliff Betzer has resigned as manager of the Pratt & Co. grain elevator in the east end of the city. J. W. Turner of Boody is in charge temporarily. Mr. Betzer will remain in the elevator office for a few days longer.

Buy your garden, flower and field seeds of Dan Culp, the old reliable seedsman fresh stock and all varieties of garden seed in bulk. No. 323 North Main street. Durfee & Culp.—1-d&wtf

Mrs. L. F. Webb died at Assumption a few days ago aged 45 years She was a daughter of Rev. Mr. Lowe, a Methodist minister, who died at Macon some years ago Her mother resides in Michigan. A sister, Mrs. George Keiser, resides at Moweaqua.

J. M. Hughes & Co. at Durfee & Bros.' old stand have a choice stock of fresh garden and flower seeds. Give them a call. feb23-d&wtf

Verdict Against the Illinois Central

In the circuit court Saturday the jury brought in a verdict awarding $1000 to David Swift and $2000 to John L. Davenport in the damage case against the Illinois Central railroad company.

Seed Distribution.

New seed store, complete stock, fresh garden, field and flower seeds Leon & Morris, 138 East Wood street.—9-dw&tf

Death of a Child.

Vera, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs O M. Craig, died of membraneous croup Sunday evening at the family home near Mt Zion, aged 6 years The funeral was held at 2:30 o'clock Monday from the residence. The services were conducted by Rev. Cochran.

Will Pay a Dividend.

In the county court today John A. Dawson, assignee of L. B. Casner, filed a petition asking for an order of a payment of a 6 per cent dividend to the creditors of Casner. The dividend was ordered immediately paid.

MANUFACTURERS' SAMPLES

One lot of Ladies' Sample Jackets and Capes, less than half their value.
Jackets at $1.50, worth $4.50.
Jackets at $2.00, worth $5.00.
One lot of Children's Spring Jackets—samples—
Sizes 4 to 8 years, 75c and $1.00. Sizes 8 to 14 years, $1.50 and $1.95.

Tailor-Made Suits

A great feature with us this season. We have just opened up some very stylish Ready-made Suits for today.

Plain Cloth Suits, blue or black, lined skirt, Eton Jacket, $5.00 suit. Better Suits at $7.50 $10.00 and $12.00.

Very large selection of Fine Suits, made up in the best tailor style, Jackets of cloth and velvet, $15.00 to $40.00 suit. These suits are copies of the late importations from Paris and Berlin.

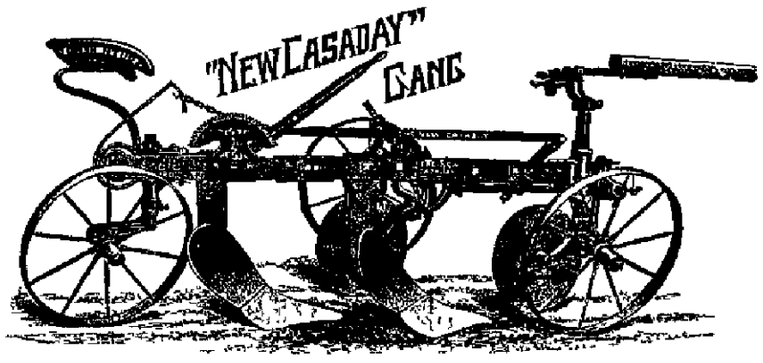
SKIRTS.

One lot Ladies' Fancy Check Skirts, all colors, at.....$2.50
One lot Ladies' Skirts, black figured and brilliantine, at.....$1.48
One lot Ladies' black Brilliantine, plain or figured and Crepon effects, Percaline lined, at.....$3.95
One lot Ladies' Skirts, black figured Gros Grain Silk, nine gored, percaline lined, a bargain at $10.00, now.....$6.95

Bradley Bros
DRY GOODS & MILLINERY
Decatur Ill.

How to Raise 20-Cent Corn Profitably

The Only Single Lever Gang Manufactured.



Come And See This Gang.

Answer: BUY ME, SAVE ONE MAN.

We throw down the gauntlet and defy any manufacturer to meet us in the field on strictly meritorious points.

..WE GUARANTEE THE "NEW CASADAY" GANG..

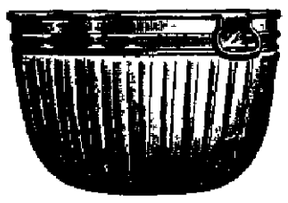
With two 14-inch bottoms to run as light on four horses as any 14-inch walking plow will on two horses and to follow the team as well.

We take Pleasure in Referring You to the following Persons Using the Plow:

Uriah Edgecomb	Wm. Gilman	Wm. Schuyler, (2)	James McNeil	C. H. Major	J. E. Carr.
V. F. Halvety	Chris. Staub	G Reimer	E. F. Carr	Walter Veech	Alva Mahannah
J. J. Coombs	W E. Clark	J. H McMillan	G. W. Cunningham	Wm. Brooks	Wm. Kallenbach
J. W. Stroh	John Kraft	C. R. Myers	J. P. Stoutenborough	Elmer Van Gundy	H. L. Hockaday
D. W. Trimmer (2)	J A. Stewart	E J. Crawford		R. E. Gilman	C. L. Holman
W. T. Wilson	Wm. Schuyler	Wm. C. Bradley	J. E. Parlier	J. H. Alexander	J. S. Tait
Sam Ehrhart	John Pistorious, Jr	John W. Hawver	Chas Mahannah	Chris. Riser	Jacob Stroh
C. W. Francis	George Lowe	Henry Teting	Frank S Craycroft	A. Reedy (2)	James Watkins
D. F. Hughes	Frank Mathias	G. E. Humphrey	Henry Krehr	W. E Knight	H. P. Clark
A. L. Newlin	Henry Flues	Theo. Goodale (3)	Charles Green	W. H. Mathias	Chas. Lewis
Otto Pestch	J L Ward	G. M. Richardson	H. I. Cottam	C. E. Wheeler	Gee Lewis
Sard Giles.	Wm. Jostes	M. F. Boyer	L. D. Basler	Wm. Hartwig	
Job Warren	W. C. Keefer	Wm. Slingman	John Slingman	Arthur Hanes	

Remember we have all kinds of Implements, Buggies, Wagons, Harrows, Discs, Stalk Cutters, Harness, Windmills, Pipe and Pipe Fittings, Etc., at Wholesale and Retail.
WE ARE SURE IT WILL PAY YOU TO COME AND SEE US.

F. B. TAIT & CO.,
328 East Cerro Gordo Street, Decatur, Ill.



Why Use a Split Basket

When this Galvanized Iron one will last much longer. Just the thing for cobs.
1 Bushel Size 85c. 1½ Bushel Size $1.00.

Buck's Steel Ranges
—Are the Best to Buy.

We sell the best Six-hole Range with Reservoir and High Shelf, weighing 600 lbs., for $42 and Guarantee it.

C. L. GRISWOLD & CO.,
DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

ESTABLISHED 1862.

PEDDECORD, BURROWS & CO.,

Bankers.

WE TRANSACT A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS,

Same as an incorporated bank; Buy and Sell Exchange, Receive Deposits, Discount Business Paper, LOAN MONEY ON MORTGAGE SECURITY, make Mortgage Investments for Customers, and furnish them

SAFETY DEPOSIT BOXES,

under private key, in OUR FIRE AND BURGLAR-PROOF VAULT, Free of Charge.

Jan 17, 1861-wtf

Macon County Teachers' Examinations, 1896-7.

1. First Saturday in February.
2. First Saturday in April.
3. First Saturday in June.
4. At close of teachers' Institute.
5. First Saturday of November.

Examinations will begin promptly at 9 a. m. Office day, Saturday.

JOHN G. KELLER Co., Supt., Decatur, Illinois.

Oct 29-wtyr

There's No Getting Around The Fact That

Pillsbury's Best

is the best flour. 22,500 barrels made every day.

Your Grocer Will Supply You.

The Evil Eye.

Savage people have a superstition that an evil eye may be cast upon a person to bring all sorts of trouble and misfortune. That seems like a pretty foolish notion; but it isn't much worse than some of the notions which civilized people indulge in. One worn out superstition is the belief that if a man inherits weak lungs from his parents he is pretty sure to die of consumption. The actual fact is that if such a man will only take proper care of himself he will really be safer from consumption than a careless person who has no inherited weakness. Carelessness is the real evil eye. Carelessness will develop a tendency to consumption in any body.

The lungs are composed of very delicate, sensitive tissue, even in the healthiest person; that is why they yield so quickly to the attack of tainted blood. If the blood is allowed to get impure and impoverished, and bile-poisoned, the seeds of consumption will spring up in the best kind of a constitution. The real consumption-taint is in the blood.

Hundreds of cases of so-called "hereditary" consumption have been completely and permanently rooted out of the system by Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, simply because it gives the blood-making glands power to pour a fresh abundant supply of rich, red, healthy, blood into the circulation. This drives out all poisonous and unhealthy germs. It stops the waste of tissue and the formation of morbid deposits; builds up fresh, normal, healthy lung tissue and solid, muscular strength.

In all the weakened debilitated conditions which are the forerunners of consumption, Dr. Pierce's Discovery is the most perfect nutritive and strength-builder. It is assimilated by the weakest stomachs.

DR. ARTHUR D. KYNER,
Resident Dentist,
BLUE MOUND, ILL.
Office up stairs in Geo. Elliott's New Brick Building.
Examination Free. Satisfaction guaranteed
may16-w

159 EAST MAIN ST.

GEO. W. JONES CLOTHING HOUSE

for Spring Overcoats.

We have a few Spring Overcoats to close out. If you are in need of a coat we can do you good.

$ 6.50 Spring Overcoat, $4.00. | $10.00 Spring Overcoat, $6.50
$12.00 Spring Overcoat, $7.50. | $15.00 Spring Overcoat, $8.50

—SIZES 33 TO 44.—

New Spring Suits

Have arrived—the most Fancy and Durable Clothing in the city at prices to suit all. Call and see this line.

George W. Jones Clothing House,
159 EAST MAIN ST.

DON'T

Get the idea that Diamond Jewelry is bought for temporary use. It is bought by thoughtful people as permanent and serviceable ornament. Good and substantial workmanship in the manufacture of High Grade Diamond Jewelry is important. Any manufacturer can make a diamond ring. If not made with the utmost care and skill, both metal and gems are often wasted, and the stones may easily be lost through bad workmanship and careless setting.

The Most Carefully Manufactured Goods

of the highest grade of workmanship, finish, style and selection of stones

Are the Only Kind We Can Afford to Keep.

Others may have lower prices on inferior goods.

We make a Profit on all our goods, but make it Fairly.

Otto E. Curtis & Bro.,

Jewelers and Dealers in Fine China.

Our House has been Established Over 20 Years at

156 EAST MAIN STREET.

UNDER THE WHEELS

Joseph Versailes, a Tramp, Run Over by a Freight Train at Boody To-Day.

HE WAS TERRIBLY MANGLED

And Died This Afternoon—He was a Frenchman and Had No Relatives in This Country—Coroner Bendure Took Charge of Body.

From the Daily of Saturday.

Joseph Versailes, a tramp who was beating his way from St. Louis to this city, was fatally injured this forenoon about a quarter of a mile east of Boody. He was horribly mangled and died of his injuries this afternoon.

The man was riding on the end of a coal car attached to a special northbound freight train on the Wabash road. The conductor discovered that the man was beating his way and as the train was moving slowly, ordered him to get off. The tramp attempted to jump from the car, but his overcoat caught and threw him under the wheels. The train was stopped but the wheels had passed over his body and his left arm and left leg were badly mangled. He was taken on a hand car to a doctor's office at Boody. Surgical aid was given the man but he was so badly hurt that it was impossible to save his life.

Versailes said that he was a Frenchman and that he had no relatives in this country. He is about 60 years old and was fairly well dressed. This afternoon at 2 o'clock Versailes died of his injuries. Coroner Bendure was notified and went to Boody to take charge of the body.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

Maroa.

Mrs. L. F. Denman left Wednesday for Terre Haute after a visit with Mrs. Julia Goodey.

Rev. J. H. Waterbury of Cerro Gordo was in the city Monday and Tuesday and was welcomed by a host of admiring friends.

Miss Frane Baker lectured at the M. E. church on Monday evening. Her lecture was listened to by a large and appreciative audience.

Mrs. E. A. Morgan of Decatur was in town Monday evening and presided at the missionary meeting at the M. E. church.

Uncle Josh Spruceby was played at the opera house on Saturday evening.

Dr. D. S. Anderson is home from a business trip to Ohio.

Arthur Wykoff and family moved to the Schafer residence Tuesday.

Jerry Oakes left Tuesday for Versailles where he has an interest in a hardware and furniture store.

J. Crocker and Thomas Costello came home from Hot Springs on Tuesday.

John Schafer of Lyons, Mo., is visiting Charles Schafer and wife.

Thursday was the 50th wedding anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Vance. Their friends took advantage of the day and made them a surprise. Money and substantial gifts were left to gladden the hearts of the worthy couple.

The township Republican primary will be held at the engine house Saturday at 2 p. m.

Mrs. W. G. Cooper has purchased the Frank Cooper green house and is having it moved to her place in the west end.

Charles Theiss and family returned to their home in Minier Thursday after a pleasant visit with Mrs. Theiss' mother at the Columbia hotel.

W. G. McGrath of New Orleans is visiting Patrick Hehir and family.

Eddie Hehir who is suffering with appendicitis is still critically ill.

Charles Ford has gone to Chicago to reside.

Charles Radabaugh and bride left Wednesday for Williams, Iowa.

A pleasant masquerade social was given by the Odd Fellows at their hall on Saturday evening.

M. Friedman died Monday, March 15, at 12 o'clock of heart disease. He was nearly 82 years old. He leaves a wife, a daughter, Mrs. William Moser, and two sons, S. A. of this place and Emanuel of East St. Louis. A singular coincidence was that he died on his 44th wedding anniversary and at the same hour. Masonic funeral services were held at the Friedman home on Tuesday evening at 8.30. The remains were taken on the Diamond Special to Chicago and at 9 o'clock on Wednesday funeral services were held. Mr. Friedman moved here from Armington about forty years ago and has resided in Maroa continually excepting two years spent in Chicago after retiring from business about fifteen years ago. The remains were accompanied to Chicago by Mrs. Friedman, S. A. Friedman, E. Friedman and Mr. and Mrs. William Moser.

March, 19, 1897.

Blue Mound.

Mrs Henry Batoner, aged 64 years, died at her residence one mile west of Blue Mound at 1 o'clock this morning of lung fever. The funeral will be held at the M. E. church at 11 o'clock Saturday, conducted by the pastor, Rev. Wandless, Mrs. Batoner having been a member of that church in good standing for several years. The interment will be at the Waltz cemetery.

Daniel Shick of Elkhart, Indiana, came here on the train at 7:25 a. m. today to be in attendance at the funeral of his brother, Aaron B. Shick, to be held at the C. P. church at 10 o'clock tomorrow. Mr. and Mrs. John Amos of Peoria came here yesterday in response to a telegram announcing the serious illness of Mrs. Amos' mother, Mrs. Batoner.

March 19, 1897.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props. Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

REPUBLICANS RATIFY.

Convention Delegates Get Through with Their Work in Short Order.

The Republican township nominating convention was held in the circuit court room at the court house last night and in less than six minutes it was all over.

The convention was called to order by D. A. Maffit, the township chairman, who called for nominations for convention chairman. O. D. Hill proposed Alex McGorray. Somebody named Mr. Maffit, but he protested and after nominations were closed, Mr. McGorray was elected by a unanimous vote. Mr. McGorray took the chair and thanking the delegates for the honor conferred, asked who the convention would select for secretary. I. N. Martin, jr., was quickly elected, and then the convention was ready for business. It was noticed that many of the chairmen of the different district delegations were getting their credentials out ready for presentation, but they might as well saved the time and trouble.

Ratification.

Delegate Alex McIntosh from the Fourteenth district, offered a motion that as there were no contests and as it was generally known who had been selected as candidates for town offices by the voters at the primaries, the list of successful candidates as published in morning and evening papers be ratified, or nominated by this convention. There was a quick second and the motion was adopted, after the official list as published in the Republican had been read by Secretary Martin, at the suggestion of Delegate Black. The names of the nominees appear in another column.

D. A. Maffit's motion that in case of death or declination of any nominee that the township central committee have power to fill any vacancy was adopted.

On motion of Delegate Leach the convention adjourned.

The Ticket.

Supervisor—Henry F. May.

Assistant Supervisors—John Allen, W. H. Spence, F. W. Kipp, George W. Stoy, J. H. Record.

Town Clerk—A. H. Cope.

Assessor—W. W. Foster.

Collector—Landy H. Martin.

Justices of the Peace—George P. Hardy, O. W. Smith, P. B. Provost, W. H. Shorb, James O'Mara.

Constables—Harry Mickiff, W. W. Conard, T. L. Antrim, John Lloyd, Bunn Post.

Commissioner—William Bundy.

Poundmaster—Greenbury Martin.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT.

Railway Damage Case on Trial—Divorce Granted.

From the Daily of Friday.

The case of John L. Davenport and David Swift against the Illinois Central railroad company is on trial in the circuit court with I. A. Buckingham appearing for the defendant and the Mills Bros. for the plaintiffs. The young men were ejected from a freight train between Maroa and Emery, although they had bought tickets, good only on a passenger train. Both claim to have been injured. They want damages. A jury is hearing the evidence.

Common Law Docket.

E. L. Pegram vs J. L. Drake, assumpsit. Verdict of jury for plaintiff for $1311.76. Motion by defendant for new trial.

J. C. Hostetler vs T.P. Roddy; assumpsit. Verdict of jury for plaintiff $1449. Motion by defendant for new trial.

Cornelius Huff vs Wabash Railway company, trespass. Jury instructed by court to find a verdict of not guilty and exceptions by plaintiff. Verdict not guilty.

Bachman Bros. & Martin Co. vs S. E. Smith, et al; appeal. Jury waived and trial by court by agreement.

John L. Davenport vs Illinois Central Railway company, trespass. Joseph Swift vs Illinois Central Railway company, trespass. Two cases tried together. The jurors, J. P. Straushaugh, J. P. Jones, C. E. Morrison, Joseph Arthur, J. W. Dillinger, W. S. Simpson, Fred Baldwin, J. F. Collins, Walter Balentine, E. N. Durning, J. H. Montomery, J. H. Constant.

Chancery Docket.

Annie L. Otta vs Henry Otta; divorce. Entry of appearance of defendant, pro confesso. Cause heard by court. Decree as prayed.

DEATH OF SAMUEL ACKERMAN.

He Passed Away Early This Morning at His Home on West Macon Street—Well Known in the City

From the Daily of Friday.

Samuel P. Ackerman died at 3 o'clock this morning at his home, No. 1004 West Macon street, aged 40 years. The deceased was well known in this city. He has been ill for many months and for a number of weeks past his death has been expected. He leaves a wife and two children, aged 14 and 16 years. He also leaves a mother, a sister, Mrs. James Tullis, and two brothers, Lon and Nelson Ackerman, of this city, and a brother living in Florida.

Mr. Ackerman has been connected with the Review Publishing company for over ten years. He was a member of the firm of Downer, Ackerman & Co., and was connected with the Decatur Printing company before he associated himself with the Review. He was considered one of the best printers in the city and had many warm friends. He was a member of Decatur Camp No. 144, Modern Woodmen of America, and also a member of the Typographical Union. The funeral will be held Sunday afternoon from the residence.

Foley's Honey and Tar

Cough Syrup wherever introduced is considered the most pleasant and effective remedy for all throat and lung complaints. It is the only prominent cough medicine that contains no opiates and can safely be given to children. H. W. Bell, N. L. Krone.

Something for burns, scalds, chapped hands and lips. Healing for cuts and sores. Instant relief for piles, stops pain at once. These are the virtues of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. A. J. Stoner & Son, Armstrong Bros. and N. L. Krone.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

Convention Held To-Day at the City Council Rooms.

HALL, ASSESSOR; KINCAID, COLLECTOR

Chairman Hartley's Speech on Taking the Chair—All Traitor Democrats Out of the Party at Last.

From the Daily of Saturday.

The Democrats of Decatur township held a meeting last night in the fourteen districts and elected delegates to attend the convention held today at the court house. These are the delegates:

Delegates.

First—J. H. Krebs, James Harkrader, H. M. Bragg.

Second—J. O. Albright, I. J. Chronister, J. H. Shimer.

Third—H. C. Shaub, Thomas F. Drew.

Fourth—C. W. Utley, M. C. Irish.

Fifth—E. Thayer, J. D. Shaffer, Charles Wendel.

Sixth—A. G. Webber, C. C. Leforgee.

Seventh—C. J. Hartley, W. R. Walter, Robert Burns.

Ninth—Robert Kincaid, Humphrey White, George Bedford, William Ryan, Bennett McKillop, Michael Cuttle.

Tenth—J. Bain, Eddie Sullivan, J. J Smith, Patrick Mahan.

Eleventh—J. S. Clark, J. B. Walters.

Twelfth—O. A. Bolen, J. R. Mitchell, A. Nye, G. B. Dilatush, Carroll Finin, E. E. Kirkbride.

Thirteenth—James Lindsay, W. G. Barnes, Elkin Chandler. Alternates—G. T. Lane, George Munea, M. O. Hooey.

Fourteenth—R. T. Williams, Ed Springer, Josiah Abbott.

The Convention.

The Democratic convention was held this forenoon in the city council room. It was called to order by J. J. Donahue, the township chairman, who stated that the committee had selected C. J. Hartley to preside as temporary chairman. The selection was ratified by nobody making a kick and Mr. Hartley took the stand.

Mr. Hartley said he was very much pleased to preside over this convention of true Democrats and it was gratifying to him to note the interest as manifested by the attendance. The Democracy, though but recently defeated at the polls, was not routed. (Applause) We are ready again to take up the fight. We have secured our ranks of all trash and traitors. We know that we have got rid of all the traitors and today are here assembled the representatives of the true Democracy. (Applause) Mr. Hartley stopped at this point and called for the selection of a temporary secretary.

T. F. Drew, C. W. Utley and James Lindsay were each in turn named for secretary, but they declined. Then H. M. Bragg was nominated and elected.

On motion of Mr. Donahue the delegates as published in the Review were accepted as delegates to the convention.

On motion of A. O. Bolen the temporary organization was made permanent.

Secretary Bragg read the list of offices to be filled and on motion of Mr. Bolen the chairman was instructed to appoint a committee of one from each of the fourteen districts to name the township ticket.

The Committee.

This committee was appointed: J. H. Krebs, I. J. Chronister, T. F. Drew, M. C. Irish, Ed Thayer, A. G. Webber, W. R. Walters, William Bradley, Michael Cuttle, J. J. Liens, J. B. Walters, A. O. Bolen, W. G. Barnes, R. F. Williams.

The Ticket.

The committee retired and through A. G. Webber submitted this report:

For Supervisor—J. N. Randall.

For Assistant Supervisors—David Hanks, Elijah Hampton, J. W. Bradfield, C. C. Harpstrite, D. J. Cloyd.

Town Clerk—Will Lindsay.

Assessor—Lee S. Hall.

Collector—Robert Kincaid.

Justices of the Peace—J. Q. A. Odor, W. G. Barnes, W. E. R. Kell, E. D. Dilatush, Henry McDermott.

Constables—John W. Kirkbride, James Hale, M. C. Purdy, E. E. Chandler, James Graves.

Commissioner—John W. Fletcher.

Poundmaster—Charles Gallagher.

On motion the report was adopted.

The committee was authorized to fill any vacancy should any occur.

The candidates were requested to meet at the Review office this evening at 7:30 o'clock.

The conveniton then adjourned.

Death of Miss Lord.

From the Daily of Thursday.

Miss Luetta Lord, aged 27 years, died at noon today at the home of her parents, Officer and Mrs. Andrew Lord, No. 834 East Whitmer street. Her death was due to stomach trouble. Miss Lord has been confined to her home by illness for over a year past. During the past week her condition has been such that her friends realized she could not recover.

On Wednesday, March 17, Herman Nickells, aged 54 years, died of paralysis at his home in Forsythe. The funeral took place today at 10 a. m., Rev. O. B. Huston officiating. The burial was at Boiling Springs cemetery.

Nearly All Saints.

The people of DeWitt county must be extremely good, or the authorities must have worn blind goggles. The grand jury has just adjourned at Clinton. Only three indictments were returned to the court, one for selling liquor contrary to law, one for gambling and one for disturbing the peace.

Married.

On March 16 at Urbana by the Methodist minister, Miss Etta Pettyjohn of Decatur and Charles H. Biner of Tuscola.

STRICKEN DOWN BY PARALYSIS

ALONE AT THE TIME AND UNABLE TO MOVE

For a Year a Woman Seeks Relief Without Success, but It Finally Comes at Last.

Another Case of Nerve Exhaustion Cited, Which was Cured in a Similar Way by a Nerve Food.

From the Courier-Herald, Saginaw, Mich.

That we know not what a day may bring forth is an old adage and a true one. To-day our skies are bright and sunny; we have health, strength and activity. We reckon confidently on the future and lay our plans accordingly, but when that to-morrow comes we may be stricken suddenly down by the hand of disease, and lie on a bed of suffering and sorrow.

Every day we see illustrations of this fact among the friends in our own circle. To-day they are well and strong and are pursuing their daily labors; to-morrow the afflicting hand of disease or death has brought them down to helpless illness or the grave. Among the many ills that afflict humanity, and one that baffles the highest medical skill of the present day, none is more feared and none leaves the victim more helpless or hopeless of ultimate relief than that known as paralysis.

Sometimes it creeps gradually over the victim, perceptibly closing its ever tightening coils from day to day and again it comes like a lightning flash, and the once strong man or woman is more helpless than a child. Such was the case with Mrs. Ruth Wolcott, the wife of Rev. H. B. Wolcott, an esteemed minister of the gospel, living on their handsome farm a few miles from the thriving little town of Blanchard, Isabella County, Michigan.

While attending to her daily duties the hand of that dread disease, paralysis, was laid heavily upon her, and when she was alone at her fireside.

In conversation with a *Courier-Herald* representative, who had heard of her severe case and cure, she spoke as follows: "The stroke came on one day shortly after dinner. The men had just gone out on the farm to work in the fields, and I was ironing. All at once I felt a flash over my brain like an electric shock and something that seemed like a bead of perspiration seemed to run down my left lower limb into my shoe. I sat down for a moment and then, feeling better, resumed my ironing. Again, in a few minutes, there came another flash over my head, and again there was the peculiar sensation of something running down my side. Then I knew that something serious was about to happen and I made haste to reach a bed, where I fell, under the influence of paralysis. After I had laid there for a few minutes my husband came in and, not seeing me where I had been working, he looked for me and found me lying helpless.

"My speech was not affected, and I told him what was the matter. A doctor was at once sent for to the village of Blanchard, a few miles away, and he came out to the farm in about three hours, but he could not afford me any relief. This was three years ago—in April, 1892—that I suffered from this stroke of paralysis. It affected my left side and rendered me helpless. For a year following this I had skilled medical attendance, using among other things an electric battery, but it all did me no good.

"At this time I read in a paper about Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and they were also recommended to me by some of my friends, who had heard of the many cures that they had effected in cases like mine. After I had been taking them for about two weeks I began to feel better and have continued to steadily improve. The paralysis was so bad that I could not walk around the house, but had to be lifted about. My left arm was also entirely helpless. I am now able to walk around and get out to call on my friends and neighbors, and am so well that I can get around very well. I used twenty boxes of Pink Pills."

As Mrs. Wolcott concluded the recital of her trouble the representative of *The Courier-Herald* could readily believe the many reports of wonderful cures effected by the wonderful and popular remedial agent. Although Mrs. Wolcott is sixty-two years of age, and has suffered an affliction that might readily prostrate a younger person, she looked well and hearty, and gave evidence of strength and activity unusual for her age.

Inquiry at the two drug stores in the village near by brought forth the information that the case of Mrs. Wolcott was well known throughout that section, and was considered a remarkable cure. Both druggists reported that there was a steady demand for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

From the Republican, Harbor Springs, Mich.

One of the leading citizens of Northern Michigan is Mr. George W. Childs, who has made himself famous as a successful hotel manager at the popular summer resort, Bay View. When Mr. Childs first arrived at Bay View, some years ago, the resort business of Northern Michigan was still in its infancy. With the little money he had he purchased the Bay View House, but running a hotel in this part of the country at that time was rather up-hill business, and he had to work night and day to make both ends meet.

"When I came to Bay View I was a strong, robust man, but close confinement to my duties as manager of the hotel and the amount of hard labor I was compelled to do, soon told on me and I was taken to my bed.

"I immediately began doctoring but the physicians consulted did me no good, and I paid out many hard-earned dollars in doctor bills.

"My nervous system was completely played out, I suffered severe pains in the head and had no appetite. Finally I told my wife that I had determined to sell out and leave the country, thinking that a change of climate might be beneficial. But in the midst of my sufferings, like the sunshine that breaks through a dark cloud, a messenger came from heaven, so to speak. While I was perusing my morning paper I chanced to glance at an article speaking of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. I saw that they were said to cure exactly what seemed to ail me—shattered nerves and sick headaches.

"I told my wife about my discovery but she said it would only be another useless expenditure. I, however, thought 'nothing ventured, nothing gained,' and determined to have a box, as they cost only 50 cents. By the time I had taken half the box I felt much relieved, and then I knew that I had struck a remedy much better than a physician and certainly a good deal cheaper.

"After I had used the whole box I was able to leave my bed. I persevered in taking them and when the fourth box was gone I was as you see me now—a perfectly well man. To Dr. Williams' Pink Pills I owe my life and I wish I could sing their praises throughout the land that all might know the life-giving power of these little pellets. Certainly suffering humanity has had no better friend than Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are also a specific for troubles peculiar to females, such as suppressions, irregularities and all forms of weakness. In men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork or excesses of whatever nature. Pink Pills are sold in boxes (never in loose bulk) at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50, and may be had of all druggists, or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

LOOK TO US—

For Novelties
In New Up-to-date Styles
in Fine Foot Wear.
SEE OUR WINDOWS.

A few of our Swell Spring Style Shoes are shown and they'll interest you.

Spring Goods are coming in every day. Now is the time to buy, and the place to buy is where you get the worth of your money.

F. H. COLE SHOE CO.,

148 East Main St. Sign of the Brass Foot Tracks.

B. F. BOBO, Manager.

UMBRELLAS—

—FOR TEN DAYS.

NAME painted in each UMBRELLA sold; in white letters, for Next Ten Days.

New Line Spring Styles in

....SHIRTS....

Call and Inspect My Line.

H. C. Anthony
DECATUR, ILL.

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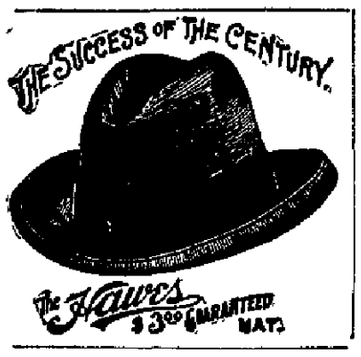

HATS

of all kinds, colors, shapes, and prices. NEW SPRING HATS that will fit both your head and purse.

The "Cuban" and "Geisha"

—two of the latest. Let us show them to you.

A new, complete and exceptionally well assorted line of attire for little fellows from 3 to 8, made up in Juniors, Vestee, Sailor and Reefer style, of all the new fabrics, running in price

....FROM $2.25 TO $5.00....

This department of ours appeals particularly to mothers, and is entitled to their earnest consideration.

OUR NEW SPRING STOCK IS NOW IN.

New Novelties in—

—MEN'S SUITS.

The RIGHT kind. Right in fit, in material, in style, in general make-up, but particularly right in PRICE. We are showing an exceedingly swell line of Spring Shirts and Neckwear. We will appreciate a call.

B. STINE CLOTHING COMPANY.

245-249 NORTH WATER STREET.
NEXT TO BRADLEY BROS.....

WANTED...

YOUR—

OLD GOLD AND SILVER

Highest Market Price in Merchandise at Lowest Cash Value.

W. R. Abbott & Co.,

JEWELERS.

$1.50. $1.50. $1.50.

They attract more attention (from the ladies) than the big prize fight. They are wearers; they are foot comforters, and they look better than lots of shoes sold at $2.00. You can get them only of us.....$1.50

The men buy them and tell their friends they cost $3.00 and their friends don't know the difference.....$1.50

See what $1.50 will buy at the Big New Shoe Store.

WALTER HUTCHIN,

139 NORTH WATER ST.
SIGN OF THE BIG SHOE.

$1.50. $1.50. $1.50

SALVATION OIL

The leading liniment of the age, rapidly cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia and all pains. For Cuts, Sores, Burns, Sprains and Bruises it is invaluable. SALVATION OIL should be in every house, it costs only 25 cents. Insist on getting it. Take no other.

Chew LANGE'S PLUGS. The Great Tobacco Antidote. 10c. Dealers or mail, A. C. Meyer & Co., Balto., Md.

Weekly Republican.

THURSDAY, MARCH 25, 1897.

LOCAL NEWS.

Bishop Seymour of Springfield will go to Europe in May.

The Morton Advocate says that farmers in that vicinity report winter wheat entirely killed.

The Illinois river is still rising and there has been some loss of stock in the bottom lands.

Yes, 'tis true;
Foley's Honey and Tar
Is the best Cough Medicine.
H. W. Bell, N. L. Krone.

Mrs. Ed Kennelly and daughter, who have been visiting friends in the city, have returned to their home in Lincoln.

There is a sharp contest over the postoffice at Williamsville, there being five active candidates for the position of postmaster.

A torpid liver means a bad complexion, bad breath, indigestion and frequent headaches. To avoid such companions take DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the famous little pills. A. J. Stoner & Son, Armstrong Bros. and N. L. Krone.

Stanley March, a veteran of Co. K., 152d Illinois regiment, at 1385 North Morgan, had part of his right foot amputated by Dr. Cass Chenoweth.

David Ater, a prominent member of the Peck and Ater families, and having many relatives in this vicinity and about Cerro Gordo, died at Clarksburg, Ohio, Thursday. He had been ill some time.

It seems probable that the Lincoln commandery Knights Templar will attend Easter services in Bloomington the DeMolay commandery having extended an invitation to that effect.

Minutes seem like hours when a life is at stake. Croup gives no time to send for a doctor; delay may mean death. One Minute Cough Cure gives instant relief and insures recovery. The only harmless remedy that produces immediate results. A. J. Stoner & Son, Armstrong Bros. and N. L. Krone.

Kankakee Gazette: The city of Gilman let the contract for a water works system, to cost in the neighborhood of $20,000. The pipes will be laid by a firm in Kentucky and the standpipe and pump house will be furnished by Hobson & Co. of Harvey, Ill. Work is to be completed by June 15.

A weed in the garden can be easily destroyed when it first starts. Consumption can be nipped in the bud by One Minute Cough Cure. A. J. Stoner & Son, Armstrong Bros. and N. L. Krone.

Charles J. Palmer president of the Palmer National bank of Danville had an encounter with a couple of footpads the other evening about 8:45 o'clock of which he is still has some unpleasant reminders in the shape of scalp wounds, bruises, etc. He stood them off with a pistol.

You should know that Foley's Honey and Tar is absolutely the best remedy for all diseases of the Throat, Chest or Lungs. Dealers are authorized to guarantee it to give satisfaction in all cases. H. W. Bell, N. L. Krone.

The remains of Samuel W. Kenney, a spy for the union army, who was shot by order of General Bragg in 1863, have been at last laid to rest at Dwight where Mr. Kenney's widow, Mrs. Miriam V. Kenney, resides. The body was interred after the execution on a lonely Tennessee hillside near Tullahoma.

Constipation in its worst forms, dyspepsia, sick headache, biliousness and derangement of the liver are readily cured by DeWitt's Little Early Risers. These little pills never gripe. Small pill, safe pill, best pill. A. J. Stoner & Son Armstrong Bros. and N. L. Krone.

In the county court Friday Mrs. Neh Hardy was declared insane by a jury. Alice Glenn filed the petition for the hearing. Attorney J. H. Latham prosecuted and Attorney R. E. Gray defended. Mrs. Hardy had been examined by Dr. Bevans, who testified that she was of unsound mind. The woman will be taken to the asylum at Kankakee.

Lost—A dear little child who made home happy by its smiles. And to think, it might have been saved had the parents only kept in the house One Minute Cough Cure, the infallible remedy for croup. A. J. Stoner & Son, Armstrong Bros. and N. L. Krone.

On Friday Mrs. Dr. W. H. Mitchell at her home with her daughter, Mrs. George M. Wood, commenced her 90th annual cycle in good health and with a pleasant social company including Mrs. J. L. Shellabarger of Topeka, Kansas, Mrs. Dr. D. A. Moore of Kansas City, Miss A. F. Wood of Carrollton, Ill., and Dr. E. W. Moore and other relations and friends of this city down to the fourth generation and with many kind remembrances from absent ones.

All the different forms of skin troubles, from chapped hands to eczema and indolent ulcers can be readily cured by DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, the great pile cure. A. J. Stoner & Son, Armstrong Bros. and N. L. Krone.

A White Mark.

Foley's Kidney Cure is a perfectly reliable preparation for all Kidney and Bladder diseases. The proprietors of this Great Medicine guarantee it or the money refunded. Do they not deserve a white mark? H. W. Bell, N. L. Krone

Taxes in Mt. Zion.

C. B. Britton, tax collector for Mt. Zion township, has settled with County Treasurer Patterson. This is his report:

Amount assessed, $14,568 79; collected, $12,650 63; delinquent, $1,918.16; commission, $253. The books of the South Macon collector, the last man, are now in the treasurer's office.

Oakley Republican Ticket.

The Republicans of Oakley township met on Friday and nominated the following ticket:

Town Clerk—William J. Day.
Assessor—Benton O. Hawkins.
Collector—W. E. Bowen.
Commissioner of Highways—W. F. Coulter.
Justices of the Peace—Frank Baker, I. D. Jennings.
Constables—Eli Ashba, Levi Wagoner.
Overseers of Highways—D. B. Hedding, H. Y. Berry, Marion Morgan.

SWINDLERS IN JAIL.

How Two Men and a Woman Put Up a Job on a Sullivan Man.

From the Daily of Thursday.

"Prof." Leon Zanzi, clairvoyant, who has had rooms at the Revere hotel, J. C. Lynch, the professor of the woman tailoring art, who has had a room at the same place, and Mrs. James Norman are prisoners at the county jail, arrested yesterday by the Decatur police on a blackmail charge. They entered into a conspiracy to "do" U. J. Pifer, a bachelor of Sullivan out of all the money he had and they did him for $20 in cash and a note for $800.

It appears that Mrs. Norman, to whom Pifer had been attentive at Sullivan, had come to Decatur alone, stopping at the Combs hotel. She called on the clairvoyant to learn her fate and before she got away, on her own confession she entered into a conspiracy to swindle Pifer. It was arranged that she should induce him to come to Decatur and then go to the Hotel Brunswick, register as husband and wife and then go to a room. The plan was carried out. Pifer came over and he and the woman went to the Brunswick. They went to a room Sunday forenoon but they had been there less than thirty minutes when Zanzic and Lynch, representing themselves as private detectives, got into the room, closing the door after them. Then there was a scene, threats of arrest and exposure. In the end in order to quiet the affair, Pifer gave the two blackmailers $20, all the money he had, and a note for $800. Then the two men left, it being the understanding that Pifer on reaching Sullivan would send over $50 in cash to apply on the note. Pifer went home. He got it into his head that he had been swindled by sharpers and he told Attorney Peadro the whole story. Peadro came to Decatur yesterday and had an interview with Marshal Mason. Mrs. Norman was found at the Inman hotel with her husband, who had come from Sullivan. Both were taken to police headquarters. There the woman told the whole story of the deal, substantially as related. Officers Imboden and Williamson found Zanzic at the Revere, but Lynch was not visible. He had gone to Springfield. The clairvoyant attempted to hide some papers in his room, but Imboden kept his eye on him and on a second visit found the $800 note which the professor had attempted to hide. Zanzic was put in jail after he had been given a chance to talk. He denied everything except that Mrs. Norman had called at his rooms. Last evening Mrs. Zanzic gave the police the Springfield address of Lynch and he was arrested last night. He has been brought to Decatur. Pifer came over from Sullivan today to swear out the warrants.

Mr. Norman was not greatly disturbed during the afternoon by what was going on. He was in and out of police headquarters getting news about the prize fight and filling up with whiskey. Finally his wife was sent to the county jail and Norman went away to get more liquor. After supper there was a call for the patrol wagon and when it came back Norman was the prisoner. He was put in the city prison.

THE CRAZY WELL TOWN.

What J. R. Gorin Has to Say About the Place Where He Spent Part of the Winter.

During his sojourn in the south J. R. Gorin visited the place near Dallas, Texas, known as Mineral Springs, where there is a crazy well, with W. D. Benson in charge as manager. The water of the well it is claimed will cure rheumatism, diabetes, dyspepsia, insomnia, etc. Speaking of the well Mr. Gorin says:

"There are several stratas passed through from the surface to the bottom, a distance of 200 feet. The first depth of about forty feet is a mixture of tough soil. Then for a depth of sixty feet is a slate composition when you strike a hard porous rock varying in thickness from twenty to thirty feet. In this rock is found the mineral water, which is varied in quality as to its curative properties. Then below this for a depth of twenty-five or forty feet you again go through another strata of slate or shale. Then is struck another strata of rock more porous than the first, from which pours forth a very full flow of nice fresh water. Four miles east of town is a coal mine. Twenty-five miles southwest at a depth of 300 or 400 feet quite a flow of water with considerable gas was found. And some distance northwest was discovered quite a flow of gas. Eight miles south is a mammoth brick kiln making the finest brick in the south. Almost in every direction are evidences of coal. And in almost all wells dug are found little pockets of crude oil."

BURNED OUT.

Disastrous Fire at the Home of C. H. Teel Wednesday.

From the Daily of Thursday.

The home of C. H. Teel west of the city was destroyed by fire early yesterday morning, caused by the explosion of a lamp. The family barely escaped cremation. The loss is several hundred dollars. The dwelling was the property of Mrs. I. C Hutchinson, who resides at Kinney. Ed March rents the farm and runs a dairy. Harrison Tuttle and Charles Huff are in the employ of March. The men were at the barn milking the cows when the fire broke out and Mrs. Teel alone rescued her two children from a burning room, getting them out just in time to save their lives The hired men lost all their extra clothing and personal effects and the Teel family lost all their furniture and clothing. Mr. March lost a lot of milk cans and other property Mrs. Teel and her children are now in Decatur. A new dwelling will be erected by Mrs. Hutchinson. There was no insurance.

Smith Appointed.

James R. Smith of Taylorville, member of the Republican state central committee for the Seventeenth district, has been appointed by Governor Palmer a member of the trustees of the state deaf and dumb institution at Jacksonville. The only pay attached to the position is expenses while attending the meeting of the trustees.

FOUND DEAD IN BED

Mrs. Agnes Sherer, an Engineer's Wife, Expired Sometime During the Night.

DIED BY THE SIDE OF HER CHILD

And Was Not Found Until This Morning—She was the Wife of Engineer Sherer Who is Now in North Dakota—Inquest is Held This Afternoon.

From the Daily of Thursday.

Mrs. Agnes Sherer, living at 451 East Bradford street, was found dead in bed this morning by her little 10-year-old daughter, Grace. She had retired in apparently good health last evening and had died sometime during the night.

Grace, the daughter, awoke this morning at the usual hour and as her mother seemed to be in a deep sleep she did not disturb her but arose and built a fire in the stove. She then went back to the bed room and the mother was not yet awake. The child became frightened because she could not wake her mother and ran to the house of a neighbor, Mrs. Riser. The latter came to the house and found that Mrs. Sherer was dead. Dr. McLean was called but it was too late as the body was cold and the woman had died several hours before. There were no indications of suffering or violence. The doctor was unable to say what might have been the cause of death.

Mrs. Sherer is the wife of Jacob Sherer, formerly of the Wabash, but now an engineer on the Great Northern railroad. He is now in North Dakota, and has been notified of the death of his wife. Mrs. Sherer was 37 years old and her maiden name was Anges Fogwell. Her father lives in Fort Wayne, Indiana. She has lived in this city for about twelve years and since her husband has taken a position with the Great Northern she still continued to make this her home. Her brother, Warren Fogwell, is an engineer on the Wabash, and until a few days ago has made his home with the deceased, but recently he was ordered to Springfield and at the time of her death there was no one in the house with Mrs. Sherer but her little daughter. No arrangements for the funeral will be made until the arrival of her husband. Coroner Bendure was notified of the death this morning and ordered an inquest held at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

The verdict was that the deceased came to her death from natural causes. The jurymen were Dr. H. D Heil, Dr. Wil Chenoweth, Dr. John Miller, Dr. J. L. Brown, Mac Davidson and J. W. Thomas

RETURN OF OFFICER LEECH.

The Jury Will Convict MacPherson at Wapello for Murder.

From the Daily of Thursday.

This morning Officer Ed Leech arrived home from Wapello, Iowa, where he went to appear as a witness in the trial of Orman McPherson, the man whom he arrested in this city on December 11. McPherson shot and killed the town marshal of Morning Sun, Iowa, about six months ago. He was arrested for drunkenness by Officer Leech in this city and while under arrest confessed to the murder he had committed. Leech was one of the most important witnesses as he gave testimony as to McPherson's confession. The probabilities are that McPherson will be either hanged or sent to the penitentiary. A reward of $300 was offered by the governor of Iowa for the capture of McPherson and Leech is entitled to it. He says that he will probably have to go to Des Moines to claim the reward. The town of Morning Sun will make Leech a present of $25 next week for making the capture.

The John Heckman Will.

The will of John Heckman, who died near Oakley last week was filed for probate in the county court Wednesday. It provides that the widow, Barbara Heckman, shall have the use of all the real and personal estate for life. At her death the executor shall reduce all of the estate to money and divide it into as many parts as their children or their children's children. To each child or family of children's children shall be given one share, except in the case of Mary Nickey, a daughter, Daniel Heckman is named as a trustee to take her share and keep it invested until her children come of age, when they are to have their mother's portion, share and share alike.

Death of a Child.

From the Daily of Friday.

William Leo, the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. William Mentz died of meningitis at 4:30 o'clock this morning at the family home, No. 1760 North Clinton street, aged 8 months. The child has been ill for the past two weeks. The funeral will be held at 10:30 o'clock Sunday morning from the residence and the burial will be at Greenwood cemetery.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Daniel Schenck was held at noon today from the Ridge church near Maroa. The services were conducted by Rev. Wood and the burial was at the Ridge cemetery. The remains were taken from this city in a hearse to the church, a distance of about fifteen miles.

Wedding Announced.

The wedding of Dr. Moffitt and Miss Flo Van Cleve, both of Blue Mound, has been announced, the ceremony to take place in the M. E. church at Blue Mound at high noon Wednesday, March 31, Rev. E B. Randle of Decatur officiating, assisted by Rev. E. A. Wanlass and Rev. Mr. Bankson.

Another Good Man Gone Wrong.

He failed to use Foley's Kidney Cure for his kidney complaint. H. W. Bell, N. L. Krone.

DOG TRACES THE ROBBERS.

The Decatur Bloodhound is Used at Findley, Ill., to Find the Burglars of a Store.

From the Daily of Friday.

The Decatur blood hound, "Rattler," has done another good piece of work tracing robbers. Last Tuesday night W. F. Smith's general store at Findley, Ill., was robbed. There are no police officers at Findley and the blood hounds from Sullivan were sent for. The owner of the dogs said that he could do nothing as the dogs couldn't follow the trail after a rain, so the Decatur dog was sent for. Roy Bendure and Israel Florey left Wednesday morning with the dog. There was a great deal of excitement in the town because the dog was to be used and several hundred persons had gathered to watch him work. The dog took up a trail which started from the store and followed it to a man's house. He was taken over this trail four times and followed it the same way each time. He also followed a second trail to another house, the occupant of which had left the town that day and said that he would never return, so that the officers think that he was one of the burglars. A search warrant was secured and the first house was searched. The goods taken from the store were not found but in a trunk in the house was a large collection of goods which were without doubt stolen property. The officers believe that they have the right men but as the evidence against them is lacking they will not make their names known at present. The matter is now in the hands of the states attorney and the officers think that sufficient evidence can be secured to convict the men.

The first house searched by Rattler was occupied by a man who had been a convict. He was under suspicion all the time and the fact that supposedly stolen goods were found in his possession leads the people to believe that he must know something about the robbery of the store.

Bendure and Florey were cheerfully given $25 by the merchant whose store had been robbed. He feels that the dog did wonderful work.

Obituary.

Mamie Ethel Livingston, daughter of Michael C. and Sidney M. Livingston, was born June 6, 1878, and died March 15, 1897. At the age of about 10 years she united with the M. E church at Blue Mound chapel and was one of the most active workers in the Epworth League. Her last illness began after she had returned from visiting in connection with others some of the aged and sick people in the community. Her struggle for life was heroic but organic heart trouble with which she has always been afflicted prevailed over her delicate constitution. Her beautiful christian life draw to her many friends who were deeply grieved at her death. A very large congregation assembled at the homestead on Wednesday morning to attend the funeral exercises conducted by the pastor, Rev. A. M. Danely. At the grave her young lady companions each dropped a lovely rose on her coffin. The Christian Endeavor society of the First M. E. church of Decatur and other friends sent many flowers. What makes her death the more sad is she was the only living child of a family of five. Estella B., Harvey F., Herbert W. and an infant son have preceded her to the heavenly world.

Her Sunday school classmates and teacher were honorary pall bearers. Maud Stevens, Fannie Jordan, May Alberts, Clementine Chandler, Bertha Huddleson, Edna Turner and Lucy Williams. The young men pall bearers were Willie Ward, Bert Hopkins, Logan Shevers, Kyner Huddleson, Edward Warnick and Harry Bailey.

Death at Blue Mound.

From the Daily of Thursday.

Aaron B. Shick died at his residence on East Seiberling street at Blue Mound early this morning in the 63rd year of his age. He had been in rather poor health for several weeks but was able to be around most of the time and to walk down town occasionally and seemed as well as usual when he retired to bed last evening. At 4 o'clock this morning Mrs. Shick was awake, her husband quietly sleeping at her side, when he suddenly turned his body partly over toward her and gasped and died instantly. Dr. Porter came in a few minutes later and pronounced him dead as a result of heart failure.

Deceased was an old soldier and pensioner, having served three years in the Tenth Illinois cavalry. He was a good soldier during the war, a good citizen, all his life having the esteem and respect of all who knew him. He leaves a wife, two sons, Lyman R. and Dwight, and one daughter, Miss Dora, to mourn his loss. All of them live here in Blue Mound. He will be buried at Grove City Saturday. The funeral services will be conducted by Rev. W. L. Bankson. Word reached Blue Mound this morning that Mrs. Henry Batoner cannot live but a few hours.

Moving.

Blue Mound Leader: There has been a good deal of moving done this week. Ben Ward moved to Dan Heidlebaugh's farm southwest of town, and F. M. Burns came in from the country and occupies Mr. Ward's property in the northwest part of the village. P. A. Taylor moved to William Doyle's farm between here and Stonington. Walter Ubrich moved into O. M. Rose's house, also occupied by his parents. Harrison Woolly last week moved into one of E. L. Nicholl's houses one mile west of town. He will work for Mr. Nicholls the coming season. Henry Lorton will probably today move into J. C. Sprague's house south of the school house, known as the Banfield property.

Married.

At the Hotel Brunswick by Rev. J. H. Crowder of Bethany on Wednesday, March 17, Charles Radbaugh of Williams, Iowa, and Miss Mollie Rau of Latham. The attendants were Henry Rau and Miss Louie Rau, brother and sister of the bride. The couple have gone to Williams, Iowa, near which place the groom has a fine farm.

HORRIBLY MANGLED

Frank Yondorff, a Fourteen Year Old Boy, Crushed Between Two Freight Cars.

WILL DIE OF HIS INJURIES

His Bones were Broken and His Lungs Injured—He is the Son of Charles Yondorff, the Auctioneer.

From the Daily of Saturday.

Frank Yondorff, a 14-year-old boy, met with a fatal accident about 7 o'clock this morning at the depot. He was caught between two cars and his bones crushed. The boy was south of the depot at a point where a switch connects the tracks of the I. D. & W. and the Illinois Central tracks. An engineer was switching an I. D. & W. box car and the boy had jumped on the car and was on the ladder at one end. As the car was carried toward the Y the boy evidently did not see a coal car which had barely cleared the switch. When the box car passed through the switch the boy was caught between it and the coal car and horribly mashed. Switchman Curley and Fireman F. W Bailey, who witnessed the accident, picked the boy up and carried him on a stretcher to the baggage room. Dr. W. J. Chenoweth, the Illinois Central surgeon, and Dr. Everett J. Brown, the family physician, were called to attend the boy. It was found that his right arm was broken, his hip was mashed and the pelvic bones were crushed. He was also injured internally.

Yondorff was taken to his parents' home on Washington street and Dr. Will Barnes was called in consultation. The physicians pronounced his injuries of a fatal nature. Yondorff is a carrier for the Review and he was returning home from carrying his route when he met with the accident.

Cannot Recover.

At a last hour this afternoon the Yondorff boy was still alive but his death is expected at any time. He is at the home of his father, Charles Yondorff, the auctioneer. He has been suffering with internal hemorrhages and the attending physicians say that he cannot possibly recover.

SILVER WEDDING.

The Twenty-Fifth Marriage Anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. Hilton Cassell Celebrated.

There was a very pleasant gathering on Friday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Hilton Cassell three miles northeast of Decatur, attended by many neighbors and friends despite the bad conditions of the roads. It was the celebration of the 25th marriage anniversary of the couple. The hours were from 10 to 4 and 7 to 11. Dinner and supper were served. The house decorations were very beautiful and tasteful. Many handsome gifts were bestowed Among the guests were M M. Harrison, T. A. Cassell, Henry Cassell, T. B. Albert, George M. Danely, C. E. Wheeler, J. H. Record, Ambrose Witt, J. L. Peake, Michael Clark, A. A. Hugenberger, Amos Westhafer, Charles Meyers and their wives, Misses Mabel Shimer, Maude Wilt, Lulu Winholtz, Alice Peake, Etta Good and Mrs. R. A. Peake, Messrs. Wat McMahon, Ed Wilt, Will Fulton, Ford Riley and P. A. Cassell of Flora, Ill. Regrets were received from George Culp of Warrensburg, F. C. Hugenberger of Tallula, W. T. Miller of Seymour, John Pancake of Williamsville, R. B Seward of Decatur, John Warner of Clinton and George J. Heber of Keokuk, Iowa.

Sales of Real Estate.

E. A. Morgan to W T. McLean, the undivided one-half interest in a lot in the town of Maroa. Consideration $600.

John L. Drake to Ann P. Barth, lot 10 in block 2 of Leforgee & Patterson's addition to Decatur. Consideration $600.

David A. Bryan to H. M. Kelly, lot 20 in block 4 of Enterprise addition to Decatur. Consideration $400.

J. W. Barth to Ann P. Barth, quit claim deed to lot 10 in block 2 of Leforgee & Patterson's addition to Decatur; also lot 12 in block 5 in Cowden & Corathwait's addition of out lots to Decatur. Consideration $1.

Death of Howard Hardin.

Howard Hardin died at the home of Mr. and Mrs. William Logan in the 1100 block on West Decatur street at 3 o'clock p. m., Thursday, March 18, of quick consumption, aged 36 years. Deceased was a native of Lancaster, Ky., and has resided in Macon county for a period of about twelve months. He has no living relatives nearer than cousins, three of whom live in Decatur, Mrs. Milton Layton of West St. Louis avenue, and William and David Logan of West Decatur street.

The dealers in marble and granite held a meeting in Peoria Wednesday and effected a preliminary organization of a state association.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 Years the Standard.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

TARIFF DEBATE.

Was Opened in the House This Morning by Chairman Dingley of Ways and Means Committee.

BAILEY OF TEXAS WILL REPLY.

Dingley Says the Bill Provides for Revenue and Protection and the Second Year will Yield $100,000,000 More Revenue.

Washington, March 23.—What will go down to history as the tariff debate of 1897 began in the house at 10 this morning with a large attendance on the floor and in the galleries. Dingley and Bailey, opposing leaders, were early in their places. By the terms of the rule under which the house is operating, during the consideration of the bill it immediately went into committee of the whole with Sherman (Rep) in the chair. The first thing in order was the reading of the long bill in full which covered 163 pages

The reading of the bill consumed over two hours, and then Dingley was recognized. He opened the debate in behalf of the bill. He spoke with great deliberation, his tones were clear and ringing.

Dingley began by stating that congress was called into extra session because the government revenues the past four years showed an annual average deficit of $50,000,000 per annum. This deficiency, he said, had nearly all arisen from the falling off of revenue from duties on imports; not declined revenue from internal taxes. The committee he said, in revising the tariff, endeavored to discard no more theories, but on the contrary to frame a practical remedy, at least in part, for the current ills. Quoting President Cleveland's famous remark, he said. "It is a condition, not a theory, which confronts us." "It is probable," continued Dingley, "to provide adequate revenue from duties on imports to carry on the government and so adjust them as to secure to our own people the productions and manufacture of such articles as we can produce or make for ourselves without the natural disadvantage and thus provide more abundant opportunities for our labor. No economic policy will prove a success unless it, in some manner, contributes to the opening up of employment to the masses of our people at good wages.

"When this is accomplished and thus the purchasing power of the masses restored, then and not till then will prices cease to feel the depression effects of under consumption and the prosperity of our people will rise to the standard of 1892 It has been the favorite assumption of some theorists that revenue and protection in the same tariff schedule is impossible But we have in contrasted working the protective wool and woolens schedule and that of the tariff of 1894 the most striking demonstration otherwise "

Dingley declared that by placing wool on the free list the treasury lost $31,000,000 of revenue and the farmers $30,000,000 per year while the country was not able to increase the exports of manufactured wool. It is claimed the price of clothing has been reduced, but this is only apparent because the people deprived of work found it harder to buy clothing than before The new schedule would add wealth to the wool grower, increase the manufacture and ultimately increase the revenue Speaking of the sugar schedule Dingley said it would increase the revenue and at the same time encourage sugar production in this country. The increased duty on flax and hemp are made both in the interest of revenue and because there is great promise of home production. Continuing, he said

"For the most part the increased duties in the pending bill but which overrates the McKinley bill are in the schedule or paragraphs covering luxuries like tobacco, liquors, silks, laces, etc. The rates on earthen ware and glass and agricultural schedules are made the same as the McKinley bill because no other rate seemed protective."

Dingley then briefly touched on the schedule including iron, steel, and cotton which are not materially changed from the present law. In all the other schedules, he said the rates proposed are between those of the McKinley and Wilson laws He then took up the schedules of articles transferred from the free list of the Wilson law to the dutiable Those included not only wool, lumber, silk, burlaps, hogs, cotton, bagging and cotton ties, which he declared should never have been made non dutiable, but crude opium, asphaltum, painting, statuary, etc, which ought to contribute something to needed revenue. He explained at length that the committee avoided as far as possible, exclusively ad valorum duties on articles which had been notoriously undervalued He then estimated the probable revenue under this bill, and said in the second year it would yield an increase of a hundred million dollars He closed with a plea for the necessity of prompt action by both houses of congress

Dingley was followed by Wheeler, (Ala) who came for the minority

THE TARIFF BILL.

Debate Continued in the House To-Day.

Washington, March 23.—There was a good attendance on the floor of the house and in the galleries during the continuance of the tariff debate today Gibson (Rep. Tenn.) was the first speaker He made a general argument in favor of protection. Dockery (Dem. Mo.) followed. He said the bill did not represent the issue in the late campaign. The people would prefer to see $113,000,000 more money put in circulation than to see that amount absorbed by the treasury. He declared that had it not been for the Republicans' criticism the bond issues of the last administration would not have been necessary. The Republican committee on ways and means refused to give the house an opportunity to vote on the senate resolution prohibiting the bond issue because the Republican leaders were notified by fifty western Republicans that they would be compelled to vote for it. Dockery ridiculed the idea that the present tariff law destroyed our industries. He denied that there was an era of prosperity for labor under the McKinley law. He instanced the Carnegie strike. Dalzell declared the McKinley law had nothing to do with that strike. It was the result of a contest between organized labor and its opponents. "Yes, and the protected employer hired Pinkerton detectives to shoot down organized labor," returned Dockery. Dockery was especially sarcastic in his remarks He argued the absurdity of protecting agricultural products. He said that of the $569,000,000 of products exported by the United States last year $504,000,000 was agricultural. He declared protection had driven our flag from the high seas, impoverished the laboring men, and multiplied farm mortgages

Newlands (Silverite of Nevada) then took the floor as spokesman for his party, the Republicans who united with the Democrats and the Populists in the campaign, who number three members in the house. He said the alliance with the Democrats and Populists still continued and was likely to amalgamate into one strong party with silver as the supreme issue, all other questions being subordinated and the largest tolerance exercised as to differences of opinion on other questions. Continuing, he said he thought sometimes it was difficult to determine the exact issues settled by the campaign. There could be no question as to the tariff, the verdict at the last election was in favor of protection. People had given the Republican party the contract for prosperity and that party should be allowed to carry out any reasonable tariff policy without obstruction and with expedition. He declared that both industrial and monetary legislation was necessary and of the two, the latter was most necessary. The tariff legislation alone would not give relief. Legislation which would restore the former relative value of silver and gold would be equivalent to a tariff of 100 per cent on products of the silver countries and would protect both the agricultural and manufacturing interest from competition in those countries He was followed by McLaurin of South Carolina. He said the country was committed to protective tariff for the next four years, and confined himself to an argument in favor of protection of southern products which, he said, had heretofore been discriminated against in traiff measures.

SCOTT TO SUCCEED FORMAN.

Latter Will be Nominated for United States Treasurer.

Washington, March 23.—Senator Elkins and Governor Atkinson of West Virginia yesterday afternoon had a conference with the president concerning the appointment of National Committeeman N B Scott of West Virginia to be commissioner of internal revenue The strongest kind of pressure has been brought to bear upon the president to retain Mr. Forman in that office, and for a time it was considered likely that he would do so, for a year at least It is said tonight, however, that this plan has been abandoned, and that the nomination of Scott will be sent to the senate in a few days The office is regarded as a political one, and it is held that the administration ought to have in it one of its best friends

The surprising part of the information concerning the conference between Senator Elkins and Governor Atkinson and the President is that in announcing his determination to name Scott for internal revenue commissioner, Mr. McKinley said that he would very likely send to the senate the name of Mr. Forman as United States treasurer. Should this appointment be sent to the senate it would precipitate a spirited contest over the confirmation with the result shrouded in considerable doubt.

TO REPRESENT ILLINOIS.

Gov. Tanner's Appointments on the Tennessee Centennial Commission.

Springfield, March 23.—Governor Tanner appointed the following commissioners to represent Illinois at the Tennessee centennial exposition Ex-Vice President Stevenson, ex Governor Joseph W Fifer, Bloomington Colonel Isaac L Elwood, DeKalb, Colonel John W. Gayos, Chicago, ex-Congressman T. J. Henderson Princeton, Judge Howard Snapp, Joliet, W. E Shutt, Springfield, Edward Lanning, Petersburg; W. T. C. Vandever, Taylorville, J T King, Jacksonville; Judge W. C Jones, Robinson, Henry Enrich, Galesburg, John L. Davis, Springfield; W H Neece, Macomb, C H Williamson, Quincy; Major J. O. Buckner, Chicago.

APPROPRIATION BILLS PASSED.

Objection was Made to the Indian Bill on Account of Individual Benefits Involved.

Washington, March 23.—The house Saturday took up the two remaining left over appropriation bills and passed the agricultural bill at once, then took up the Indian bill The Uncompahgre reservation item caused considerable opposition on the ground that it would open valuable gilsonite and asphalt deposits for the benefit of a combination. The house by unanimous consent struck out of the Indian bill the paragraph relating to the opening of the Uncompahgre reservation. The bill then passed.

Japan Adopts the Gold Standard.

London, March 24.—The bill adopting the gold standard passed the house of peers in Japan today and now only awaits the signature of the emperor to become a law.

Hunter Lacked Only Two Votes.

Frankfort, Ky., March 24.—In the joint ballot for United States senator today Dr. Hunter, Republican, lacked only two votes of election.

TARIFF DEBATE.

McMillen Attempts to Argue that the Present Law is Yielding Sufficient Revenue

GROSVENOR OF OHIO SPEAKS.

He Held That the McKinley Bill Gave McKinley the Nomination, and Restored Republicans to Power.

Washington, March 24.—In the house this morning Fox (Dem. Miss.) opened the tariff debate with a speech on the general theory of protection.

Williams (Dem. Miss.) devoted his attention to exposing alleged inconsistencies in the Republican arugment and attributed the financial depression to the appreciating value of money under the gold standard. The bill was also discussed briefly by Sims, (Dem. Tenn), Terry (Dem. Ark.), Sayers (Dem. Tex.), Johnson (Rep. N. Dak.), member of the ways and means committee eulogized the prospective benefit which would follow the enactment of the agricultural schedule of the bill. He was met by a fusillade of questions from Democrats and Populists The old controversy of whether a foreigner or the consumer paid the tax was fought over with great pertinacity. He declared if the southern people would pledge loyalty to protection the Republican party would be glad to accord cotton the same protection given agricultural products in the north.

McMillan (Dem. Tenn.) was given a round of applause as he took the floor and proceeded to make an elaborate argument against the bill.

Mr. McMillan prefaced his remarks with figures to prove that there is sufficient surplus in the treasury $118,000,000 exclusive of the gold reserve) to meet all estimated deficiencies for two years He declared the alleged necessity for this bill was a mere pretext and phophesied a repetition of the disaster which overtook the congress that enacted the McKinley law if this bill is passed, and made the Republicans change the front on the question of the sugar bounties the text for some caustic remarks He said Republicans who argued so eloquently for free sugar in 1890 had re-imposed the burden of taxation on that commodity at the same time taking good care of corporations and trusts which now controlled the sugar market. The speaker discussed in detail the metal schedule, arguing that as we are becoming heavy shippers of pig iron, which could be produced in southern states as cheaply as anywhere in the world, the duty of $4 a ton should have been reduced. He declared the agricultural schedule a humbug and enumerated a long list of trusts which he said would fatten on the bill He accused Dingley, the father of the measure, with favoring his own state and asked the latter to explain why salt is free for Maine fisheries and taxed elsewhere McMillan added

"After a careful and painstaking examination of this bill I don't hesitate to declare it the most unconscionable effort at legislative robbery ever attempted upon the people." He said the rates were higher than any law ever passed by congress and controverted the statement that its burdens were placed upon luxuries He asserted that the reciprocity clause put legislative power into the hands of the executive

Grosvenor began by referring to the necessity for speedy action in the matter of tariff legislation on account of the condition of the treasury and the comparative relation of receipts and expenditures under the present law. He declared it was the McKinley law misrepresented and misunderstood which aided in the Republican overthrow of 1892, but the McKinley bill with the blessings conferred during its short life had become the talismanic word which swept McKinley into the nomination and carried the country in 1896. He declared the Republican congress ready to execute the people's demands. The demand is for a protective tariff for all parties, and every section of the country. The speaker paid no attention to the statement that although McKinley had been elected prosperity had not yet come. The gentlemen must remember that violation of law always involves punishment. The country which turned its back on prosperity in 1892 and descended into the "blunder" of 1894 must expect punishment It must not expect forgiveness till it had done, "Works meet for repentance" The Wilson law still stood on the statute books, he said, and must be repealed In prospect of that evidences of returning good times are visible everywhere, in every part of the country and all over the nation. This trouble would benefit the farmer and the manufacturer alike

The Senate.

Washington, March 24.—In the senate Cullom reported the agricultural appropriation bill and gave notice he would call it up soon.

Allen (Pop. Neb.) introduced a bill to repeal the civil service law and annul all executive orders based thereon. The bill directs the heads of departments to establish rules relative to appointments, reference and special fitness of applicants not in reference to educational standard. The bill provides that a lack of university, college or academic education shall not disqualify an applicant.

Hoar (Rep. Mass.) introduced a bill prohibiting the shipment of kinetoscope pictures of prize fights in mails or through the channels of interstate commerce. The senate went into executive session.

Will Make Some Tariff Changes

Washington, March 24.—The Republican members of the ways and means committee have decided to make two important changes in the tariff bill. Book and scientific apparatus not made in this country will be admitted free. The duty on pineapples will be changed from 2 cents a pound to 6 cents per cubic foot in barrels or packages, or $8 a thousand imported in bulk.

SPANIARDS ROUTED.

The Cubans Advance and Win a Series of Victories.

Havana, March 24.—Dispatches from Jucaro report that an insurgent force 1000 strong crossed the center trocha Wednesday night, moving westward. The garrison in a fort fired upon the invaders. The fort was attacked and blown up by dynamite. The twenty-seven men composing the garrison were either killed or wounded.

General Arolas, commanding the central trocha reached Havana late last night and reported to General Weyler this morning. He has demanded 20,000 reinforcements for the line. If not furnished he will resign.

General Garcia Aldave's Spanish column recently raided Cuban hospitals in the Siguanua mountains. Six hospitals were captured, the inmates butchered and the buildings burned down. At the hospital Del Nicho near Guanayara, Captain Pujol, son of a Spanish cavalry officer, who joined the rebels eighteen months ago, was found. Like his Cuban companions he was macheted. Two surgeons and four women attending the sick and wounded were shot. Not a single prisoner was brought back by Aldave's government forces.

An important engagement took place near Jiguina, the Spanish force under General Rey being routed. It lost upward of 100 men. The defeated Spanish column took refuge in the government forts at Jiguani.

General Rabi, commanding the insurgents, immediately besieged the place with 3000 men, supported by two rapid-firing field pieces and a dynamite gun. After two days' defense Rey's forces evacuated, retreating toward Bayamo, and Rabi entered Jiguani. He is now menacing Bayamo. Spanish reinforcements are being hurried forward from Manazanillo.

ILLINOIS LEGISLATURE.

Senate Passes Department Store Bill—Veto Expected—Revenue Measure Introduced.

Springfield, Ill., March 24.—The senate this morning passed the department store bill with only four negative votes. There is every indication that the bill will pass be house also, but the impression is growing that it is likely to be vetoed by the governor on the ground of unconstitutionality.

The judicial apportionment bill passed with only two votes against it

House.

In the house the committee on revenue reported favorably two revenue bills prepared by the Chicago real estate board and civic federation. They provide for an assessment every five years on the basis of 10 per cent of the actual cash value. The provision for the election of a board of assessment review was stricken out by the committee.

When the departments store bill came over from the senate it was greeted with applause and ordered printed and to first reading. The hard road bill was debated at length and then defeated. This bill was desired by bicyclers An attempt was then made to have the department store bill read a first time, but great confusion resulted and the house adjourned without action.

THE FLOODS.

River Receding at Memphis—More Threatening on the Upper Rivers.

Memphis, March 24.—The river continues to recede slightly It looks as if the worst was over. All advices are that the levees are holding well

Danger on the Illinois River.

St Louis, March 24.—There is danger from the flood threatening points above here on the Illinois, Missouri and Upper Mississippi rivers which are rising rapidly. The water is approaching the danger line in many places. Farmers are preparing to move their families, stock and household effects. The dyke at Pekin, Ill., is threatened. Alton, Ill., reports a serious situation from the Missouri At Quincy the river is twelve feet and rising. The danger line is fourteen feet. At Keokuk there has been a big rise in the Mississippi the past 36 hours, partly due to backwater from the Des Moines river.

Waters in Tennessee.

Memphis, March 24.—The river is still slowly falling Relief boats have ceased running but there are 8000 homeless people in the Chickasaw bluffs for whom outside aid is asked.

EARTHQUAKE IN NEW ENGLAND.

Cable and Telephone Service Affected—Houses Violently Shaken

Portsmouth, N H, March 24.—Reports from various towns in Rockingham county are coming in today to the effect that about 9 o'clock Sunday morning a loud rumbling noise was heard, accompanied by a trembling of the earth, rattling of windows and shaking of houses. It was thought to be the effects of an earthquake. Reports from York county, Me, also confirm this. The cable to the Isle of Shoals was affected, and communication with the island is cut off. Outside of this no damage is reported except to telephone wires.

Free Pills

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen Co, Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of Constipation and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c per box. Sold by West, Druggist.

Seed sweet potatoes, wholesale and retail. 223 North Main street. Durfee & Culp

of....

...Millinery

Next **Tuesday** AND **Wednesday,**

March 30th and 31st.

You are Invited to Call.

Bradley Bros. Decatur Ill.

CYCLONE HORROR.

The Wind Demon Sweeps Through the State of Alabama;

SCENES OF DEATH AND SUFFERING.

Corrected List of the Dead—School Children Killed Outright—Description of the Course of the Tornado.

Eufala, Ala., March 23.—This city was swept by a cyclone yesterday in which death and disaster played a dreadful part. Hourly the record becomes more thrilling

Men were almost caught up from the streets before they could find shelter. Roofs, shutters, etc, gave way and for two hours there was terror and desolation until the cyclone passed off to the northwest coursing along the Chattahoochie valley.

Reports were soon coming in which told of the devastation. Blakely, in Georgia, was almost lifted out of existence. People seeking refuge indoors were as badly knocked around by the cracking and falling timbers as those on the outside, who were unable to dodge fence rails and other flying missiles.

The most shocking story of all came from Arlington, Early county, Georgia It was 8 o'clock when the pupils of the Arlington academy began to assemble About fifty were present when Professor Irvington, noticing the storm coming, called them in for shelter On and on came the storm with a whizzing sound, increasing until it lifted two cabins across the way into midair, wrenching them into splinters. A crackling noise was heard and shutters and swinging doors were wrenched from their hinges

Then came twisting and careening, the central partition gave way, falling with deadly effect upon a group of children who were clinging to the professor. The doors and windows gone, the storm had full sway within, fragments of timbers were flying in the air, children were thrown helpless against it, being caught up and dashed against the wrecked walls. The cries of the wounded and the groans of the dying are described as having been heartrending.

While all this was going on the people of the town, regardless of the wreckage of their own homes, ran to the school, where they knew the children were, only to find many of them dead and others wounded, pinioned beneath the debris

The scenes around the building were most heartrending. Mothers clasped the forms of their loved ones in their arms, heeding not their bloody and mangled condition.

Corrected List of the Dead.

Atlanta, Ga., March 23.—The following is a corrected list of the dead as a result of the cyclone at Arlington, Georgia, yesterday Professor W A. Covington, Ollie Parremore, Alice Putnam, Claud Roberts, Willie McMutchely, Abbey Murray, Albert Butler, Kenneth Boynton, Maude Johnson, Mary Wellons. Four others are reported killed at Blakely, Georgia.

Bank Failure.

Maysville, Mo., March 24.—The DeKalb county bank failed this morning. No statement of assets or liabilities are obtainable. The failure is due to slow paper and real estate holdings. It is claimed that all obligations will be paid in full.

Death of a Child.

Lucile Benton Fisb, the infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Fisb, died of spinal meningitis at 7 o'clock this morning at the home of her grandmother, Mrs. Bert Hardy on East Eldorado street. The time of the funeral will be announced later.

Death of Mrs. Devore

Mrs Peter Devore died Tuesday at her home in the western part of the city. She was 55 years old. The funeral services were held from the residence at 11 o'clock Wednesday morning and the burial was held at Greenwood cemetery.

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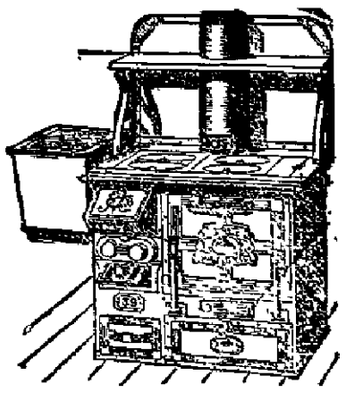

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All Wool Carpets, per yard	40c

Furniture Dep't.

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Oak, cane seat Rocker	1 00

Stove Dep't.

No 7 Cook Stove	$ 8 00
No 8 Cook Stove	14 00
6 hole Steel Range	25.00

China Dep't.

100 piece English Dinner Set	$6.00
Large size Plates, per set	40c
6 piece Glass Set	22c
Cups and Saucers, per set	45c

Tinware Dep't.

Large Size Coffee Pot	18c
Copper Bottom Boiler	88c
Dish Pans	18c
2 Pint Cups	5c

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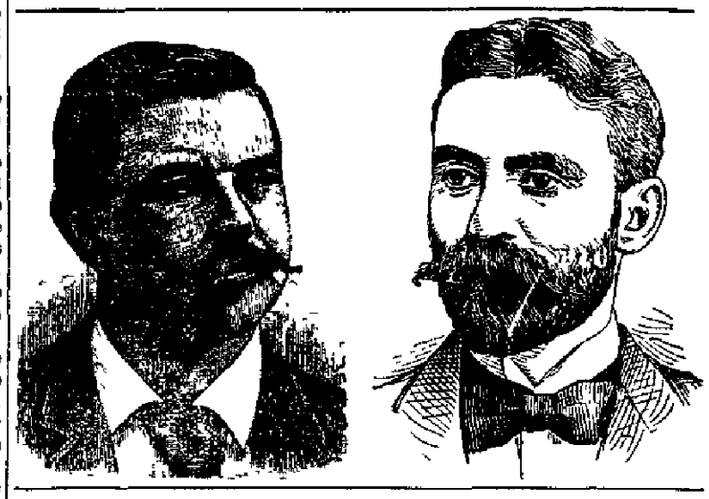

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The estimated cost of the Bradley hall, the main building of the Bradley Polytechnic institute which is to be built at Pontiac is $110,000.

Perry Springs, a health resort in Pike county, comprising a hotel and thirty-five acres of land, sold to George Hayden of Jacksonville for $2000.

Case Continued.

The trial of Roy Bousman for the assault to kill Bill Sheridan will be had in Justice Hardy's court on March 29. Sheridan has recovered from the cuts inflicted and will appear against Bousman.

Keller, the magician, is to appear at the Grand Wednesday night, March 31.

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